

ONAP Operations Manager for Lifecycle Management of the ONAP Platform A Proposal to Linux Foundation ONAP Project

Submitted by AT&T Updated June 6, 2017

Proposed ONAP Project

- Project Name: ONAP Operations Manager
- Description: Propose to define the ONAP Operations Manager to manage platform level lifecycle management or OAM (Operations, Administration and Management) in an organized and consistent fashion
- Key functions
 - TOSCA based orchestration for deployment automation of platform modules
 - Inventory and state management of all platform modules
 - Execute corrective control actions
 - Automate change management
 - Support multiple ONAP instance management
- Benefits
 - Provides framework for full OAM of ONAP platform(s)
 - Drives agility into ONAP deployment automation and change management
 - Monitor health and state of ONAP and enable control loop actions
 - Improves DevOps experience and platform support
- Use Cases
 - ONAP platform and/or component deployment and instantiation
 - Monitor state (health) of components/subcomponents and services
 - Control loop actions
- Change management software upgrades

ONAP Operations Manager for ONAP Lifecycle Management

The ONAP Operations Manager (OOM) is being proposed as a new platform component that deploys and manages the lifecycle of the ONAP platform and all of the software required to make it operational.

Problem Statement:

- Disparate management and control of all the ONAP components as individual entities
- Platform deployment of ONAP components is done via simple script not easily rolled back, does not allow for troubleshooting deployment failures, and does not support change management
- Inadequate Platform lifecycle management such as inventory, state management, control loop actions – is hindering platform advancement
- Implementations are currently tightly coupled with each component

ONAP Operations Manager (OOM)

Scope

- Unify deployment, management and control capabilities for all of ONAP
 - all ONAP components, shared software modules and portal applications
 - micro-services used to manage resources and services
 - messaging, event and data management fabric
 - operate by a single 'logical' team via one runbook (as if by a single user)
- Scalable solution to manage increased volumes and specialization
 - deploy and manage additional ONAP instances as volume/demand grows
 - manage OOM scale via hierarchy of instances (as needed)

ONAP OOM Use Cases



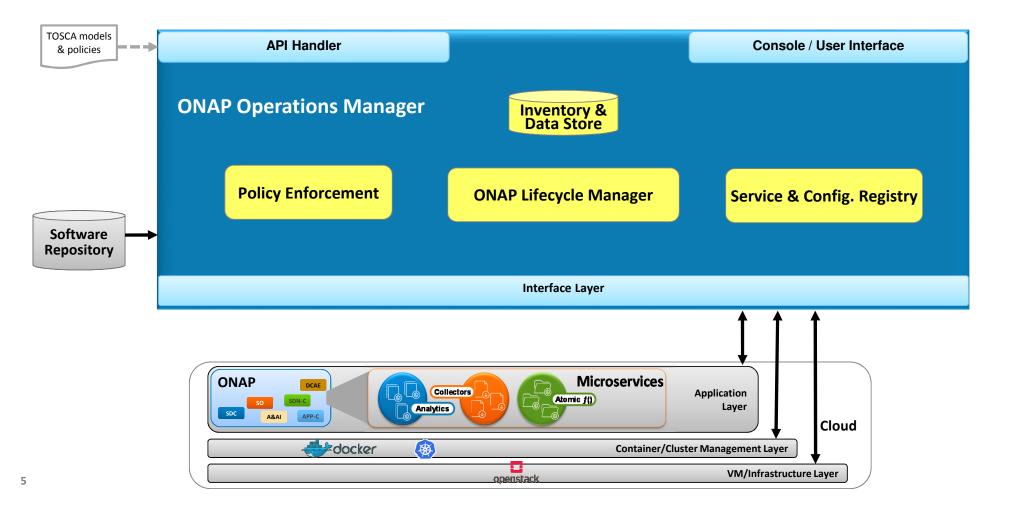
¹ Instant Compo	iate ONAP nents	 Stand up an ONAP platform include all or a subset of components via single build/deploy method Use of TOSCA based orchestration to enable deploy and un-deploy of a platform in test/prod environment Integrate with health checks to verify deployment success
2 Change	e Management	Leverage TOSCA orchestration of auto-deployment to support updates of individual software modules
3 Monito	or the State of ONAP	 Use of health-checks to determine the health and state of each ONAP component and subcomponent Discovery of ONAP components and subcomponents via self-registration process Enable health-check to validate the deployment
4 Contro	Loop Functions	Initial capabilities include start, stop, and restart, with additional control loop functions to be defined
5 Micro-S	Services Onboarding	 Initial micro-services support will be focused on DCAE related analytics & data collectors Additional micro-services (include ONAP Portal UI apps) will be introduced later.

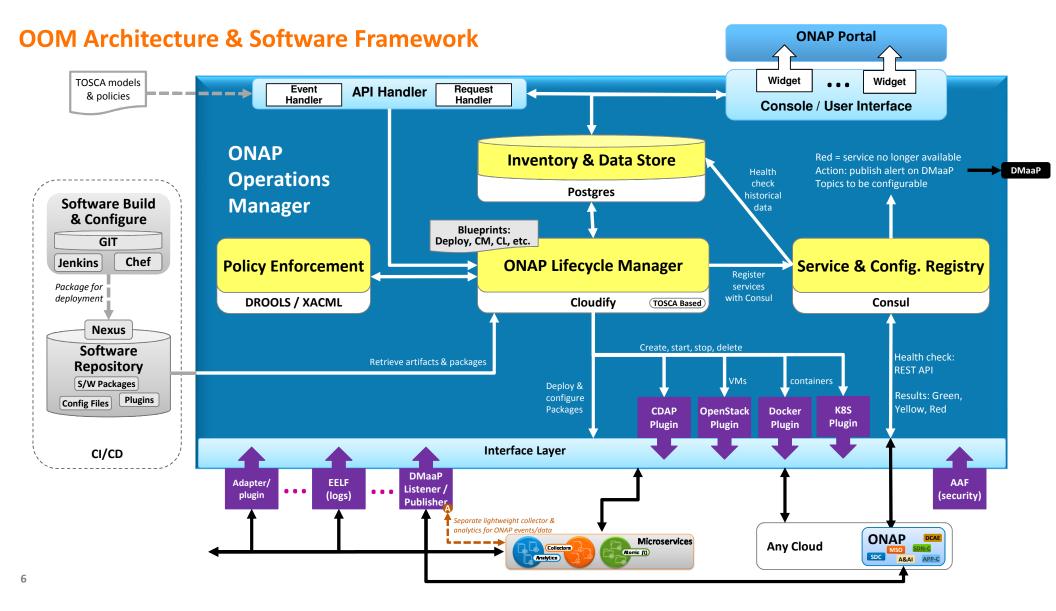
6	Policy Framework Integration	
7	Additional Control Loop Functions – restart, scale, etc.	
8	OSS Integration – ticketing, performance, etc.	
9	Additional Microservices – portal, shared ONAP, optimization, etc.	
10	Onboard BU/Services/Ops apps	
11	Evolve Container Support – additional Kubernetes features, etc.	
12	Security integration (ASPR, certificates)	
13	Network integration	
14	Management of multiple ONAP instances	
15	etc.	

2018+ Use Cases

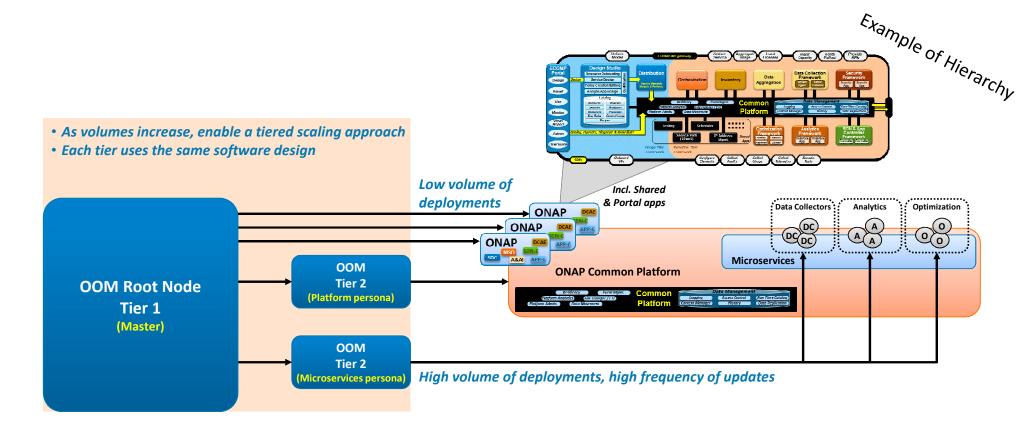
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ONAP Operations Manager Functional View





ONAP Operations Manager (OOM) – Hierarchy to Accommodate Scaling & Specialization



Notes:

- The role and scope of ONAP Operations Manager Nodes are not static.
- For initial contribution, the Tier 1 Root Node and the Tier 2 DCAE Node will be provided.

ONAP Operations Manager (OOM) vs. ONAP OA&M Functions vs. Services

OA&M = Operations Administration & Management

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Portal Apps

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Data Collectors

DC DC

DC

Analytics

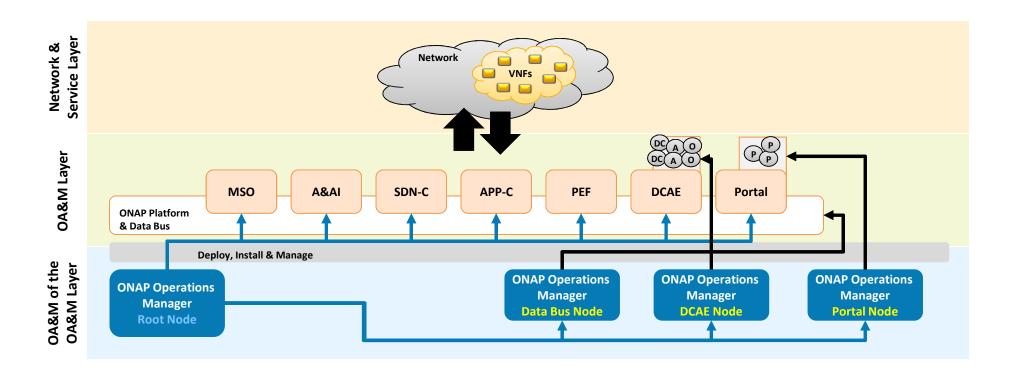
Analytics

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Optimization



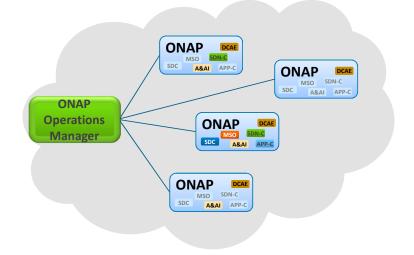
Notes:

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ONAP Operations Manager (OOM) Architecture

- Controls multiple ONAP platforms
 - Single ONAP Operations Manager (OOM) may manage dev/test, IST, Prod Support, Production
 - Single OOM may manage multiple regional ONAP instances
- Orchestrated deployment and lifecycle support
- Subset and entire ONAP platform can be instantiated



Back-Up Slides

ONAP Operations Manager Benefits

- Unify the deployment and lifecycle management of all ONAP platform components
 - Eliminate component specific deployments
 - Manage the dynamic onboarding of micro-services
 - "X" # of components \rightarrow single, configurable deployment
- Automate platform deployment, scaling and management
 - Consolidate the release build process across components
 - Automate health check and state management of inventory of ONAP components, software modules, and services
 - Automate scale of ONAP components
 - Automate fault, performance and outage recovery
- Simplify remaining manual operations
 - Single dashboard
 - Monitor consolidated state with drill downs by component/module/microservice
 - Reboot, reset or redeploy any/all components from a single place
 - Enable consistent platform operations and management via a single playbook
 - Provide the "database of record" for the state of ONAP components
- Provide ONAP Platform Support/DevOps teams a consolidated view and user experience
 - Current ONAP platform instances and their components
 - Component and subcomponent current health and history
 - Automated and manual lifecycle management tasks restart, scale, resiliency, etc.
- Enable end to end agile delivery via CI/CD integration with configurable orchestration
- Facilitate agile testing through dynamic creation of test instances (deploy/un-deploy/create subset)

ONAP Operations Manager – Architecture Principles and Design Goals

Principles

- 1. Simplicity... more reliable, more available, less moving parts to break or manage
- 2. Develop as an iterative, open-sourced solution... plan for collaboration
- 3. Deploy and manage the collection of ONAP components as a single unit (a platform)
- 4. Automate the deployment and management as much as possible
- 5. Simplify whatever is left after automation via extensive but terse support for manual functions
- 6. Overall solution should have the same open source as other ONAP components
- 7. Design recursion out of the solution... "the buck stops here"

Design Goals

- 1. Use open source and provide to open source where we need to build
- 2. Deliver a modular design
- 3. Design for change, scale, flexibility and obsolescence of both software technology and operation
- 4. Enable technologies and software packages to be swapped out with minimal impacts
- 5. Enable a management model that provides agile onboarding of new and varying objects controlled/managed
- 6. Unify deployment, management and control capabilities of the platform
- 7. Operate by a single 'logical' team via one runbook (as if by a single user)
- 8. Use, to the extent possible, the same technology stack (i.e., dbms) as the ONAP platform
- 9. Accommodate use of diverse fundamental operations that enable variability where it makes sense