

ONAP NF Modeling in SDC for Casablanca (R3, 4Q 2018)

- NF (VNF/PNF) Modeling for R3
- SDC Project

Sept 14, 2018 version 6

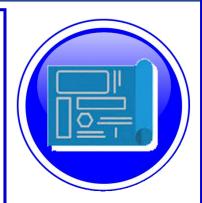
Modeling ONAP Links

PAGE	LINK
Use case proposal: 5G- RAN deployment, Slicing, SON	https://wiki.onap.org/display/DW/Use+case+proposal% 3A+5G-+RAN+deployment%2C+Slicing%2C+SON
5G Functional Requirements Tracking	https://wiki.onap.org/display/DW/5G+Functional+Requi rements+Tracking
Casablanca Release Requirements	https://wiki.onap.org/display/DW/Casablanca+Release+ Requirements
NFModeling- SDC_R324Jul2018v1	https://wiki.onap.org/display/DW/Casablanca
Service Design & Creation (SDC) Portal Page	https://wiki.onap.org/display/DW/Service+Design+and+ Creation+%28SDC%29+Portal
Common about NFs (PNFs & VNFs and allotted NFs Info- model level "base")	https://wiki.onap.org/display/DW/Abstract+Base+IM+Cl ass+for+Network+Function

PNF PnP: MODELING ENHANCEMENTS

DESCRIPTION

- (1) PNF MODELING Modeling enhancements to support 5G PNF in ONAP. Model Inheritance definitions for PNF. SDC modeling improvements from Beijing PnP use case. Updated NF Model to include software_versions. Integration of software_versions
- (2) PNF SHARING SDC model updates for PNF characteristics focusing on PNF interconnectivity. (Dublin)
- (3) PNF-SDK SDK provided from Vendors. This will help modeling the Physical "Box" (PNF) and network functions. (Dublin)
- (4) CDT ENHANCEMENTS Improving CDT to handle complex config templates, multiple templates per PNF, identify different sources for template data, integrating CDT into SDC, expanding CDT usage to other controllers. (Dublin)



PROJECTS

SDC, CDT

PNF ONBOARDING / PNF PACKAGE

DESCRIPTION

PNF Onboarding and PNF Package

(1) PNF PACKAGE DEFINITION – Defining PNF Onboarding Package. Extending framework to work with PNFs. Defining PNF Package framework.

- A. PNF ARTIFACTS DEFINITION Vendor specific/provided artifacts to add to the (new PNF) package. (Dublin)
- B. PNF ARTIFACTS DISTRIBUTION Artifacts are in Dublin



PROJECTS: SDC, APP-C



TERMS, CONCEPTS & PRINCIPLES

- ONAP and NF Plug and Play for 5G RAN
- 5G Use Case Team

MODELING PRINCIPLES



Planner Personnel Optimization Network Planning

Provider Personnel Operators Technicians



Vendor Personnel Technician Developers **Product Support**

SERVICE MODEL

Services Application Data Operational Operator Functional Aspects Run-Time ONAP Service vs ETSI/OPENO/3GPP Service **Orchestrating ONAP component & resources** NF Interconnectivity, chaining, relations

RESOURCE MODEL

Physical Resources Application Data Operational Operator Physical Aspects Run-Time Data/Information model **VNF and PNF resources**

(ONAP) PLATFORM MODEL

NF Interconnectivity **ONAP Platform-level information Design-time Operator Templates** Meta-data SDC Design Studio & Catalog ONAP Components (SO, A&AI, APPC/SDNC etc) Inventory, Events



ONAP Personnel 'Roles" (Operator Administrator Tester)

INFORMATION HANDLING PRINCIPLES

DESIGN TIME INFORMATION

Design-time Operator NF Interconnectivity ONAP platform & component information Templates Meta-data, TOSCA semantics (policies, cap/req) Design Time Model Control Loop / Closed loop model

RUN-TIME INFORMATION / APPLICATION DATA

Run-Time Attributes, Run-Time Model Accessing NF instance for ONAP components Instance of a NF Application Data Operational Operator Functional Aspects Orchestrating ONAP component & resources States & modes

CONFIGURATION INFORMATION

Service Parameters Run-Time parameters Functional Configuration Data Consistency & Data Validation Aug 21, 2018

(NK Shankar) PCI Discussion

If ONAP needs to know about PCI to Perform control loop functions, ONAP needs to know As part of a process flow.

(Arash Hekmat) 5G Architecture Configuration kept in SDNC/SDNR Source of 5G configuration information. Control designer studio feature to **CDT** in Casa/R3 Adding XML or JSON template for configuration to CDT CDT would move to SDC Design Studio (additional cap) Consume model/create artifacts. When you have config you config a port IP@, Resource Resolution. Dictionary of resources. Parameters are tagged (\$, #) resolve @ Run time. As resource resolution **SDNC** > templates > data dictionary Resolves parameters to configure NF > Protocol to write config (Ansible, Chef, Netconf)

UI Data dictionary/parameters to resolve at run-time

VERSION CONCEPT

Diagram of Software Version Management for a PNF

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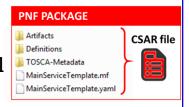
PNF-Descriptor (version) Vendor Provided

PNFD version = 6



PNF-Package (version)

Minimal PNFPackage version = 7.1 (SDC Versions the Package)



PNF Software (version)

[Detected Software, Expected Software]
DETECTED PNF S/W – [Partition1 "Active"] 12345
[Part 2] 67890 [Recovery Partition] 00010
ONAP EXPECTED PNF S/W 3.0 (modeling)

PNF Hardware (version)



Hardware Version Firmware Version Product Model version

Vendor Release – VID match PNF avail in system S/W version management – Use casa Troubleshoot Network Analysis Correlation Version Error Checking Modeling informational Network Planning thar

OPENStack – Image Repository in Glance. In VNF service designer request different version of S/W than is one in PNF itself

ASSETS MANAGED (WIKI)

Resource: a fundamental capability, implemented either entirely in software, or as software that interacts with a hardware device. Each Resource is a combination of one or more Virtual Function Components (VFCs), along with all the information necessary to instantiate, update, delete, and manage the Resource. A Resource also includes license-related information. There are three kinds of Resource:

Infrastructure (the Cloud resources, e.g., Compute, Storage) Network (network connectivity functions & elements); example: a Virtual Network Function (VNF) Application (features and capabilities of a software application); *e*xample: a load-balancing function

Service: a well formed object comprising one or more Resources. Service Designers create Services from Resources, and include all of the information about the Service needed to instantiate, update, delete, and manage the Service

Product: includes one or more Services packaged with commercialization attributes for customer ordering, billing, and issue resolution. Products are created by Product Managers, and can have one or more "category" attributes assigned by Product Strategists.

Offer: bundling of Products with specific Marketing configurations for selling to customers

SDC COMPONENTS (WIKI)

There are four major components of SDC:

The **Catalog** is the repository for assets at the Resource, Service and Product levels. Assets are added to the Catalog using the Design Studio.

The **Design Studio** is used to create, modify, and add Resource, Service, and Product definitions in the Catalog.

The **Certification Studio**, available in a future release, is used to test new assets at all levels. It will be used for sandbox experimentation, and will include support for automated testing.

The **Distribution Studio** is used to deploy certified assets. From the Distribution studio, new Product assets, including their underlying Resources and Services, are deployed into lab environments for testing purposes, and into production after certification is complete. In a future release, there will be a way to export Product information to external Business Support Systems for customer ordering and billing.

1. Resource Model

(The one, which is defined in SDC, and defines those relevant resource parameters, which characterize services running on top of that resources, or allows these resources to bring relations to other resources in a service definition) Possibly, this is as well an interaction model – how different VNFs interact with each other, what relations are they building?

2. Inventory Model

(The one, which defines, which configuration/instance parameters are stored per resource/service instance – e.g. concrete IPs or Serial Numbers, that are assigned to concrete instances)

3. Configuration Model

(The one, which defines, which configuration parameters are required/exposed as application parameters to e.g. controllers)

4. Event "model"

(How the events, that we're generating look like – what are their structres/elements/ what is the meta-data that is used around them?)

A side-effect of this one is "interaction model" – so which actions are we taking, when we discover, that there is something wrong with the xNF based on this model contents.

VNF vs PNF Comparison

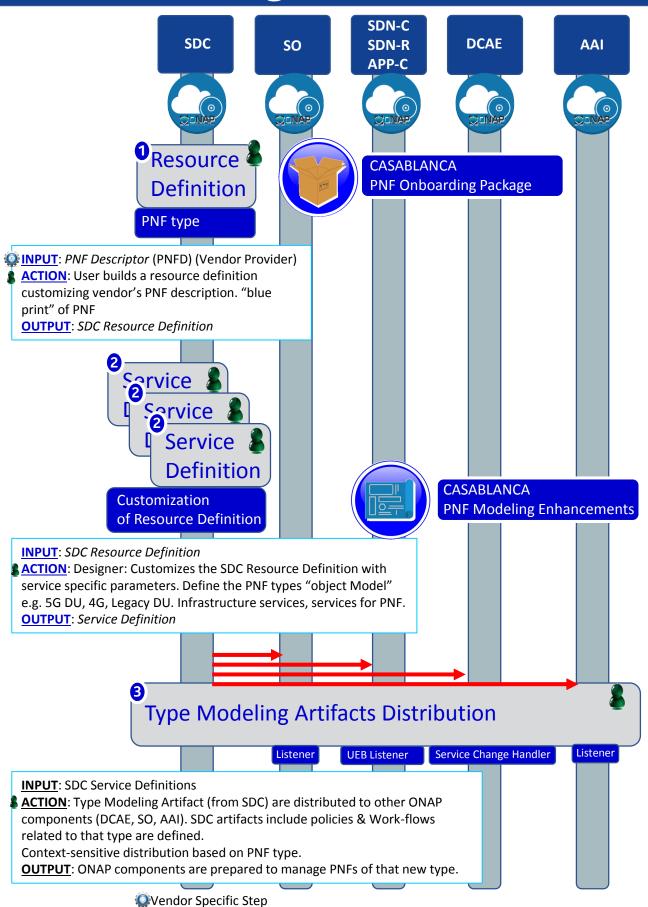
ΤΟΡΙϹ	VNF	PNF
Concept	Application fulfills the role of a network function.	It is a network element, a physical entity, which can implements the role of a network function.
Physical Characteristic	Application without dedicated hardware; Virtualized applications require specific capabilities; Run on different vendor servers. SRIOV, Inter-DPDK. Hardware capabilities.	Has an actual physical asset that is deployed and associated directly with the PNF.
On-boarding	To onboard a VNF is to "bring it into ONAP" i.e. the VNF images, component VNF-C provide descriptors of these NFs. Deployment model, # components, functions. Configuration parameters. VNF is not tied or optimized for a specific hardware, only requiring perhaps some capability to be supported.	For PNF provide the descriptors. Only provide the meta-data. PNF S/W specifically optimized to run on dedicated hardware. (Now) Not the software image. (Future) ONAP will provide the software image repository.
Plug and Play	The model triggers the orchestration.	(See this slide package for PNF Plug and Play) at the end of PnP the PNF can provide service.
Characteristics	5G CU could be a VNF since there is no need to have an association to a physical environment.	5G DU must be PNF. PNFs are Elements which may need to interact with the physical environment. PNF is "High-Touch" technology. E.g. Emit radio waves in a geographical area.
Configurability & Deployment	Easily adaptable to functions that you expect. E.g. Packet gateway to reconfigure as different NFs. Services easily create instances reconfigures including deployments (for different applications). Use a different instances of the VNF to provide a new service. For a VNF you can easily "delete" and "create" a new VNF to perform a new function. Configured dynamically.	PNF has a "fixed" set of capabilities but can't easily reconfigure it. One PNF in multiple services. Different capabilities exposed by the PNF. Reuse the same PNF with different services configuration. For a PNF you would not "destroy" a PNF but rather re-configure it. Can be configured dynamically.
ONAP Interaction	ONAP is started with VNF. VNF is "deployed" on- demand. Control from the ONAP perspective when a deployment of a VNF happens. DCAE – same Configure – Chef, Ansible	PNF do not "deploy" application. Do not use multi-VIM. Only "configure" the application, the PNF is deployed. A technician goes to site and "deploys" a PNF. DCAE – same Configure –Implementation of PNF client. Communication protocol, Client
Design Time Modeling	Model VNF. Templates. Onboarded before. In Run-time. Make sure properly identify specific PNF instance already deployed. Vs a dynamically created instances. VNF instances could be created & instantiated dynamically. SDC may assumed instantiation of network function.	PNF cannot be instantiated, a PNF is only instantiated when it "powers up" and connects to ONAP. Service Orchestration. PNF is instantiated by nature of a PNF installation & commission procedure.
Service Orchestration	VNF cloud, #VM resources consumption, define components implement different functions. Where & What will be deployed.	Physical location, pre-provisioned capabilities, performance monitoring. Components installed. RUs for specific functions.
Resources	VNF dynamically assigned resources.	PNF statically associated (hardware) resources.
Capacity	VNF Capacity can be dynamically changed	PNF is static (number of cells supported)



NF Modeling in SDC IN CASABLANCA (R3)

- ONAP and NF Plug and Play for 5G RAN
- 5G Use Case Team

Design Time (ONAP)



STEP	DESCRIPTION

1	RESOURCE DECLARATION – A user on the VID performs a Resource Declaration. This uses the Service definition created in SDC. The user on the VID can define known information about the PNF. The user can (optional) provide the following information PNF RESOURCE Definition Resource Type – Type of Resource. NEW type: PNF (pre-defined in SDC) NAME – Name of the PNF type CATEGORY – e.g. Infrastructure TAGS – User-definable tags (default name of the PNF) DESCRIPTION – Textual description CONTACT ID – Designer (user of ONAP) VENDOR – PNF Vendor (e.g. Nokia) VENDOR RELEASE – Vendor release VENDOR MODEL NUMBER – PNF Model value (link to A&AI) EVENTS – Monitoring Event definitions. Define design-time templates. CLAMP (runtime monitoring), DCAD (design time design template attach to VNF). Define templates & attach them. Note: The user may provide whatever information in the above fields they know. Note: Consumer vs Enterprise deployments. Consumer systems pre-registered, distributed throughout a region. For a consumer deployment you might not know the MAC address/Serial number (PND IF) until the PNF connects to ONAP.
2	SERVICE Definition (uses a PNF) NAME – Name of the Service (mandatory) CATEGORY – e.g. Network L1L4, VOIP call Control, Mobility TAGS – User-definable tags (default name of the PNF) DESCRIPTION – Textual description of service (mandatory) CONTACT ID – Designer (user of ONAP) (mandatory) PROJECT CODE – ID (mandatory) Ecomp-Generated Naming – Name Naming Policy – Policy to be used to assign a name to a service by SO/SDNC SERVICE TYPE – Type of service SERVICE ROLE – The Role of this service. ENVIRONMENTAL CONTEXT – distributed environments Specific Service(?) – PNF, allotted resource from a CU Service The "basic" model are extended. Inherit (OO) from existing model. Vendor takes
	standard node types and creates their own extension.

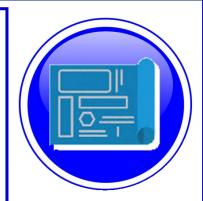
CDT (Configuration Design Tool) (GUI) to build artifacts to be used by APP-C (Tosca models) for a configure Template.

DISTRIBUTION – Event Monitoring Templates distributed. (?)

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TOSCA Meta data - main service template, TOSCA template.

<u>Artifact Package</u>. Separated by types of artifacts. Separations by folder for different types. Place artifacts in categories. Anyone can choose which artifacts to receive.

Definitions – Specifies definitions such as CM, FM and PM definitions

- (1) <u>Protocols Supported</u> PNF package. CM Protocol is in PNF onboarding package. (Chef, Ansible, NetConf)
- (2) <u>Controller</u> What is the PNF controller

PROJECTS: SDC, APP-C





NF SDC & Modeling Project Impacts Overview

- ONAP and SDC NF Modeling for 5G RAN
- 5G SDC Project

PROJECT IMPACTS FROM ONBOARDING

ONAP Project	ΙΜΡΑϹΤ
SDC/ Modeling	Modeling Project - (No License management impact – See Futures Section) [See follow-on Slides "MODELING"]
VNF-SDK (PNF-SDK) Validation	 PNF PACKAGE DEFINITION PNF packages similar to VNF packages. PNF Descriptors, artifacts. In PNF not doing deployment process in SDC. Only PNF configuration. Model a PNF. Onboard PNFs (create templates service configuration). Orchestrate a service on a PNF. Service provisioning. Life cycle: Template/service orchestrated. For PNF every PNF vendor makes this package. Need specific PNF properties. Image details. ONAP updates the image. VALIDATION OF A SDK PACKAGE VNF-SDK (validation, Package definition, verification tool) – package compliant. Allows creation/validation of packages.
WORK FLOW (SDC)	Create work-flow for PNF (Srini) SDC Impacts related to work-flow. ACTION: Sample Work-flow for PNF. vCPE, PnP (Sub) W/F are supported in R3. 5G RAN W/F R4.
MONITORI NG (SDC)	Monitoring definitions – SDC has a side monitoring template designer. Way to define monitoring alarms etc; In AT&T there is a project; IN ONAP code is there finalizing code; pluggable modeler for monitoring. DCAE as part of onboarding specify what VES template. DCAE-DS [Design Studio] define microservices for monitoring. How is PNF monitored & correlated. If [x] goes down how is this correlated. SDC would define the Modeling what needs to be monitored and how they would correlated with other events from other NE. Thresholds. [Baby step to process get an alarm from PNF, YAML file describes fault VES event, Fault meta-data; alarms generate]. Alarms raises are documented in SDC. Upload an "Artifact" file (Alarm Dictionary / Fault Meta-data / YAML, YANG). Vendor Specific. Demo and separate discussion. How monitored – processing in DCAE-DS (Design Studio time). Based on design time data DCAE is done in. (No open point for Casablanca R3)

DCAE-DS IMPACTS

OVERVIEW - DCAE-DS generates the **templates** for monitoring the models. DCAE-DS is model-driven. It specifies which monitoring microservice are utilized in monitoring a specific service model. Cloudify blueprints specify the requirements on micro-service and are configured by a user. Configurations are distributed to components who subscribe to that specific type of artifact. **DCAE-DS TEMPLATES** – monitoring templates composition of micro-service to be used (open/closed loop). The templates are *Cloudify Blueprints*. E.g. Micro-Service collectors, analytics, monitoring. VES collectors, holmes. A micro-service that is part of a monitoring flow that a designer can design that can be reused for difference service models. A building block represented by TOSCA models. First needs to be represented by development team. Monitoring template certified.

DCAE-DS GUI - DCAE-DS is a pluggable designer in SDC provides a GUI to the user that selects/composes the micro-services, or use predefined templates, for specific flows. E.g. SNMP type of flow or different protocol. User can configure different micro-services according to requirements to the model.

PNF PLUG AND PLAY – Cloudify Blueprints (for a [1:X] service) has (UUID, Microservice values, Properties, service specific policies). What are we trying to Monitor? SDC Service-Package attached to VF-Level.

MODELING IMPACTS

Notes:

1) **EXTERNALS** - Not trying to model the internals of PNFs. What is exposed by the box is what is modeled.

2) **INTERRELATIONS** - Focus on relations of PNFs/VNFs. Interworking between PNFs/VNFs.

3) VISIBILITY - CP/UP visibility

Not M-Plane (as this is 3GPP standardized)

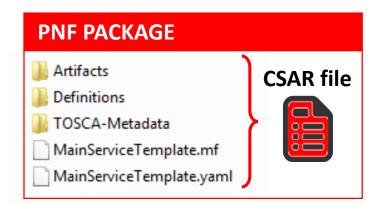
4) **MODELING ANALYSIS** - Modeling activity to assess PNF, and <u>check SDC</u> <u>model is sufficient to cover Casa use cases</u> if additional parameters need to be added (e.g. relations between other NFs). Expanding the "Release 0 model" for Casa. PNF type vs PNF instance. Design-time vs Run-time model.

Suggested VES Event Entry - Fault' Domain Datatypes For Alarm Dictionary Index (in **Dublin**)

Alarm Dictionary number No Alarm Dictionary Index, (since optional if left Index blank would mean dictionary is not used)

PNF PACKAGE

PNF has no onboarding package. Just model the PNF from the modeling screens.



CSAR – decompile info stored in SDC model.

In VNF flow. Onboard the VNF. VNF cataloged as a version to be used. Check-in/check-out. After onboarding can add more artifacts and certify the VNF. A "building block" to be used in different services. Generic, the structure will be the same. E.g. 2000 ports vs 10 ports. "Ports". How to comm w/ PNF what to do w/ PNF. Specific work-flow or configuration. PNF & VNF similar. SO will orchestrate, already exists in ecosystem.

Modeling of the Service. E.g. Connection point what will connect to the PNF.

ARTIFACTS

DEFINITIONS

PNF – 5G Base Stations

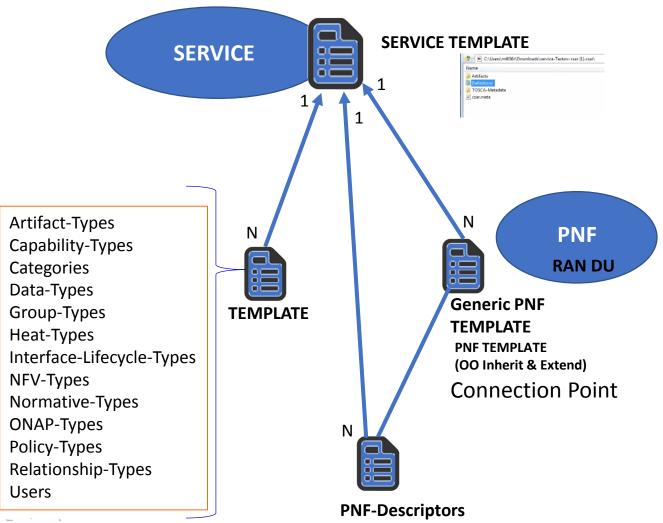
<u>Backhaul Ports</u> – PNF & VNF and want to communicate. In a VNF can describe a port a TOSCA. Model onboarded understand what can connect to what. CP connections. Can see they can connect. Model needs to capture info for modeling parts representing connections. Model allow someone designing service to connections. Or requirements from VNF/PNF from the model. A virtual link. One VNF & PNF connected via virtual network/link.

PNF Work-flows – initialization, triggered when connecting to PNF. Configuration/registration that needs to be done. DNS pre-loaded. Location. Policies attached to PNF, High volume # of PNF deployments, port-allocation. *Capabilities. Triggered by orchestrator as part of the instantiation.* PNF Policies -

Tilt – (Antenna Tilt - RF) – not related to PNF / VNF communicate. Software Version

Modeling Project, VNF-SDK (validation, Package definition, verification tool) – package compliant

SDC MODELING (Design Time) – Casa R3



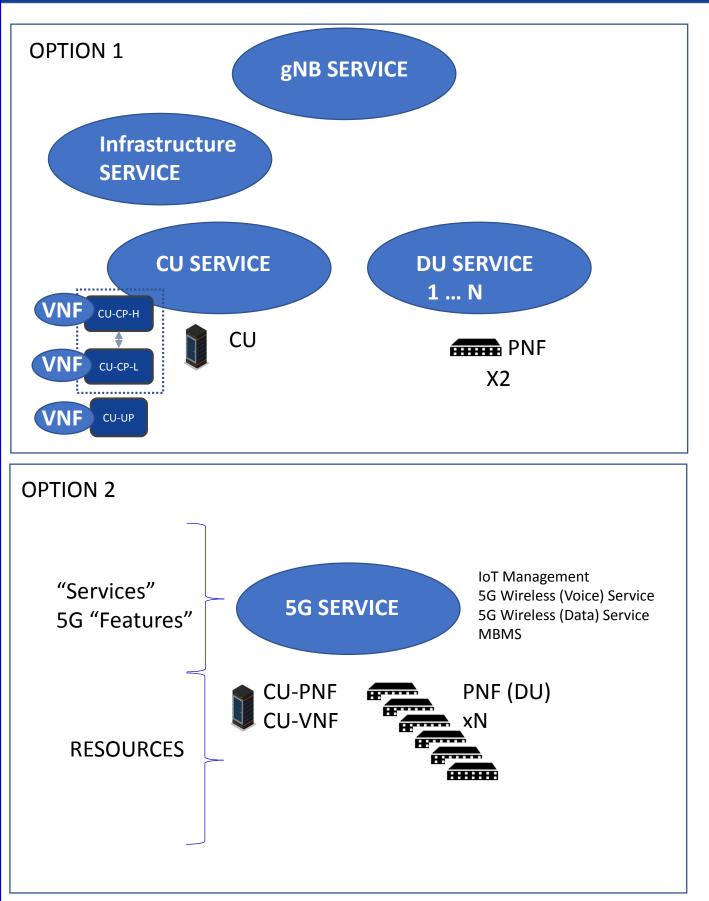


PNF-Descriptors Vendor Specific Template

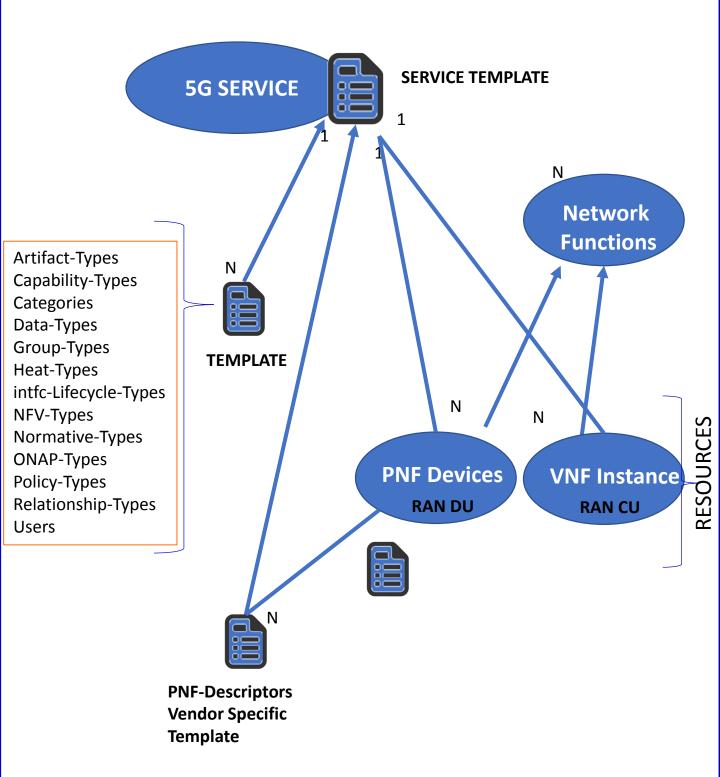
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	Generic_PNF	9/10/2017 12:49	JSON File	
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	osca_definitions_vers oda_types: 65 org.openecomp.resour- derived_from: tosc	ion: tosca_simple_y	vam1_1_0_0	60 M
	osca definitions vers ods types: org.openecomp.resour- derived from: tosc- properties:	ion: tosca_simple_y ce.abstract.nodes.H a.nodes.Roct	vam1_1_0_0	10 M
	osca_definitions_vers. des_types: org.openecomp.resour- derived_from: tosc. properties: nf_function: mf_function: mf_function:	ion: tosca_simple_y ce.abstract.nodes.H a.nodes.Roct	vam1_1_0_0	
	osca_definitions_vers. cds_types:	ion: tosca_simple_; ce.abstract.nodes.F a.nodes.Root	vam1_1_0_0	

Controller Type ["common fields"] ... Vendor-field1

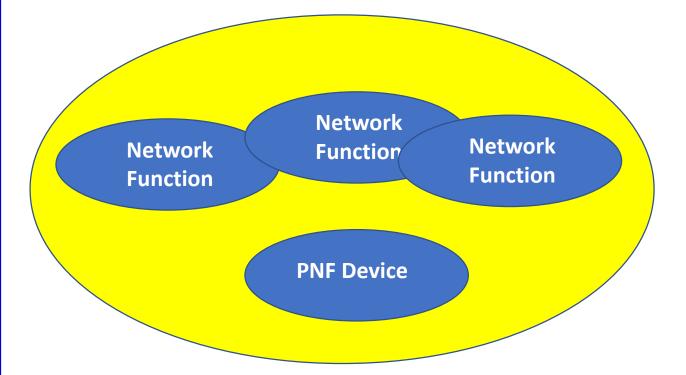
gNB Model (R4)



SDC MODELING (Design Time) – Casa R3



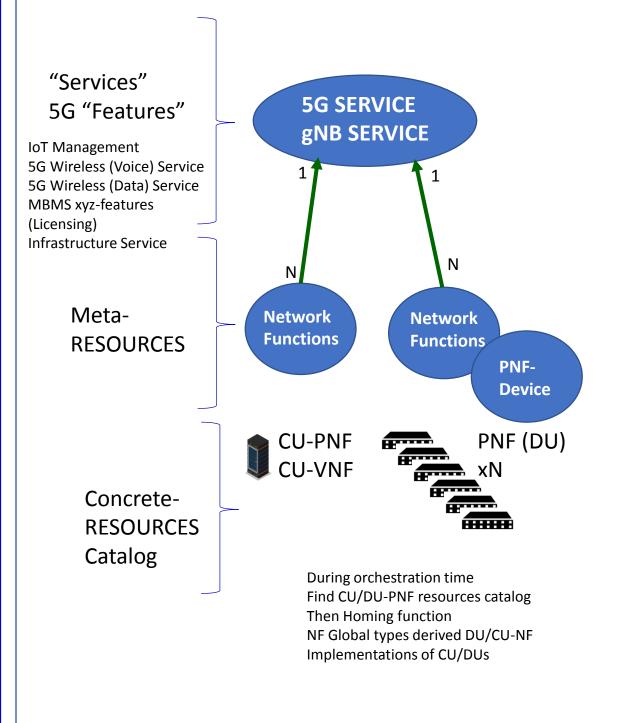
PNF DEVICE Node Type



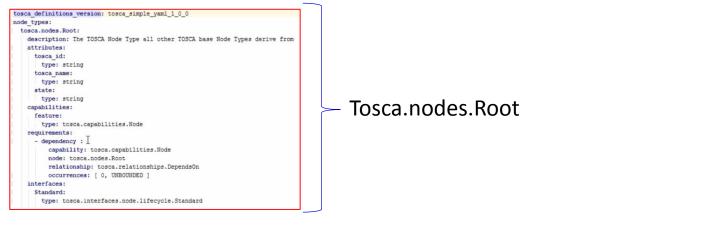
PNF device located physically at a location Network Function is a resource utilitizing PNFs or VNFs Multiple NF w/ Licenses SERVICES (UML) "has a" 1...N PNFs & VNFs.

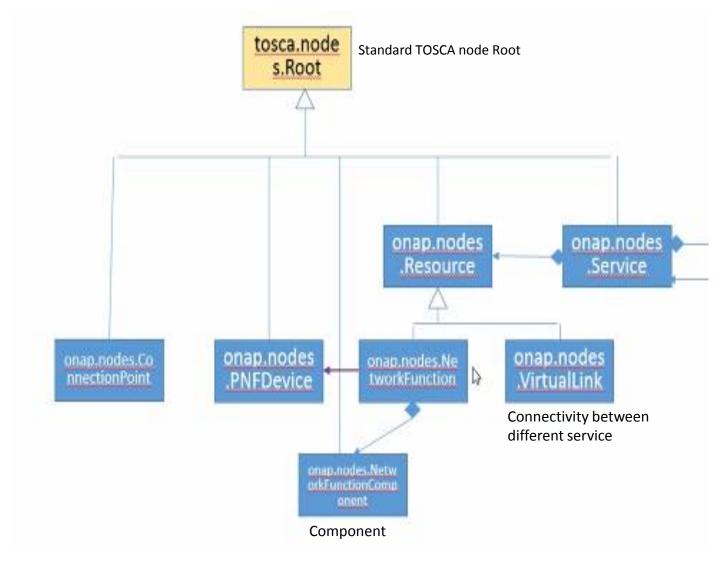
(conceptually) What is the difference between a NF & a Service? NF supports the creation of a service. NF = RESOURCE

gNB Model (R4)



Associating CU-instances w/ specific [set of] DU instances







NFD DESCRIPTOR (PNFD, VNFD)

- ONAP and SDC NF Modeling for 5G RAN
- 5G SDC Project

PNF Descriptor

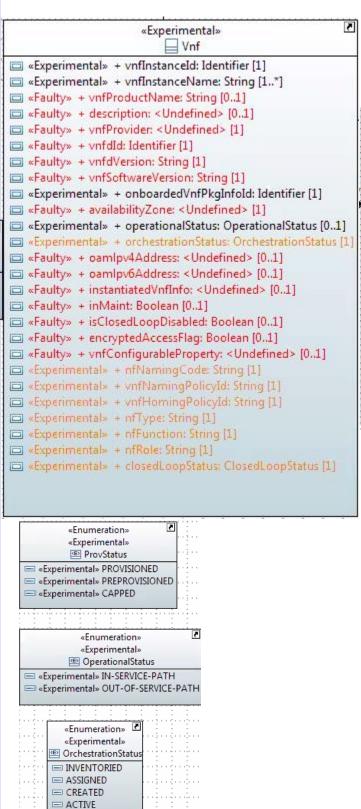
PNFD Definition in ETSI-NFV-IFA014v242

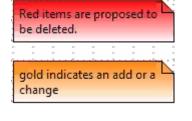
Attribute	Qu alifi er	Car dina lity	Content	Description
pnfdId	м	1	Identifier	Identifier of this Pnfd information element. It uniquely identifies the PNFD.
functionDescri ption	М	1	String	Describes the PNF function
provider	Μ	1	String	Identifies the provider of the PNFD.
version	М	1	Version	Identifies the version of the PNFD.
pnfdInvariantId	м	1	Identifier	Identifies a PNFD in a version independent manner. This attribute is invariant across versions of PNFD.
name	м	1	String	Provides the human readable name of the PNFD.
pnfExtCp	м	1N	PnfExtCpd	Specifies the characteristics of one or more connection points where to connect the PNF to a VL. See clause 6.6.4.
security	М	01	SecurityPar ameters	Provides a signature to prevent tampering.
geographicalLo cationInfo	М	01	Not specified	It provides information about the geographical location (e.g. geographic coordinates or address of the building, etc.) of the PNF. The cardinality 0 is used when the location is unknown.

Basic Content of PNF template PNF-D (DESCRIPTOR)

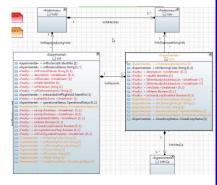
Contents	Description
pnfdId	Identifier of this Pnfd information element. It uniquely identifies the PNFD.
provider	Identifies the provider of the PNFD.
PNFD version	Identifies the version of the PNFD.
pnfdInvariantId	Identifies a PNFD in a version independent manner. This attribute is invariant across versions of PNFD. (pnfdInvariatnId would be inside the meta-data in ONAP)
name	Provides the human readable name of the PNFD.
security	Provides a signature to prevent tampering.
pnfInformation	Describes the PNF information
pnfSoftwareVersio n	Software Version supported PNFD.

VNF Information Model





«Experimental»	
	£
 *Experimental» + vnfcNamingPolicyId: String [1] *Experimental» + nfcFunction: String [1] *Experimental» + operationalStatus: OperationalStatus [1] *Experimental» + orchestrationStatus: OrchestrationStatu *Experimental» + closedLoopStatus: ClosedLoopStatus [1] 	ıs [1]





NF MODEL

- ONAP and SDC NF Modeling for 5G RAN
- 5G SDC Project

SDC PNF MODEL (R3 Casablanca)

Contents	Description
pnfld*	Identifier of this Pnf information element.
philite	CORRELATIONID (A&AI). ACTION: Discuss further
pnfType (template)*	Type of Resource. NEW type: PNF (pre-defined in SDC)
Category*	PNF category, e.g. infrastructure
Vendor (template)*	Identifies the vendor of the PNF. MANDATORY
Name*	Provides the human readable name of the PNF.
vendorrelease *	Vendor release. MANDATORY
vendormodelNumber*	PNF Model value (link to A&AI)
functionDescription*	Describes the PNF function
coftware versions	The EXPECTED software to be supported by the PNF.
software_versions	(see TOPIC: SWVersionList)

Sept 4 ACTION – SDC working with integration team that will use software_versions. Ben will ask on the Thursday (SW Upgrade Use Case Call)

ACTION – Coordinate Modeling Calls? (For Michael Lando) (Tues) "Merge" every once in a while to Sync up. Contact: Deng Hui

*Already supported in Beijing

From Potential PNF template for PNF S/W management & change mgmt. (Lixiang, Yaoguang Wang, Chang Ming Bai Hwawei)

TOPIC: SOFTWARE_VERSIONS (R3)

July 31, 2018 Discussion about software versions **TOPIC:** software versions in the PNF Model (in Casablanca R3) Problem Statement: How will it be defined in SDC Objective want to have a list of S/W versions SOLUTION Will be a property (STRING) REASON: Meta-Data can't have lists so modeled as a Property. **TOSCA** model has different sections Notes: Vendor/resource version as META-DATA for NF If this is a property has different set of validations Properties are model information Inputs to set properties. Meta-Data (section of TOSCA model of PNF) Constraints can be imposed upon Properties An enhancement on "meta-data" which you can impose Proper / valid values upon the Properties. New DATATYPES would need to go through Modeling Sub-committee

Discussion

Linda Horn (Nokia) "don't we only need ONE Expected S/W version?" Li Xiang (CMCC) "we need a list"

DESCRIPTION for software_versions – to highlight features in a SW version. e.g. the set of Services the S/W is targeted for.

Content of PNF software version List

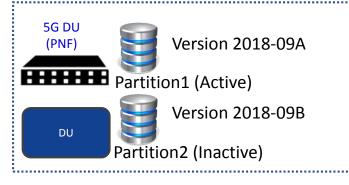
Conte	ents	Description
a ofference list	description	Describes the main feature of the this software version
softwareList	swVersion	Software version STRING

TOPIC: Use Cases for SWVERSIONLIST (R3)

Use Cases that use Software Version LIST	Description	
Troubleshooting	Troubleshooting software defects and tracking & isolating problematic software	
Network Analysis	Metrics, Data-mining, analysis on PNF and VNF based on software developments.	
Correlation Version	KPI, Performance, and operational analysis based on software version and regional correlation.	
Error Checking	Mis=deployed software, error correction and analysis.	
Modeling informational	Modeling software versions and feature planning	
Network Planning	Regional and area planning for software deployment and rollout.	
Software Management & Inventory	Feature roll-out and tracking, software management and inventory tracking	
Software Upgrade (Network wide)	Service Provider wants to upgrade a network (or fallback a network) to a new software version. Region #1 – v1; Region #2 – v2.	

TOPIC: Use Cases for SWVERSIONLIST (R3)

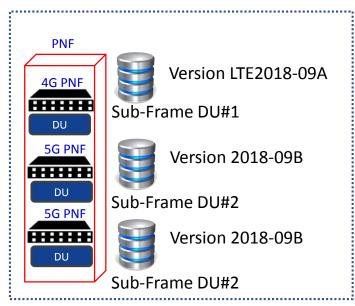
DRIVE PARTITIONS



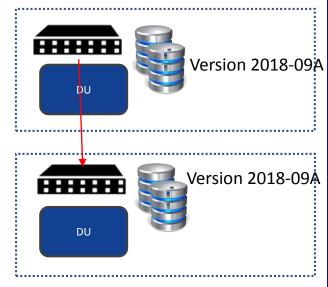
SUBCOMPONENTS (R4+)



TANDEM CHASSIS CONFIGURATIONS

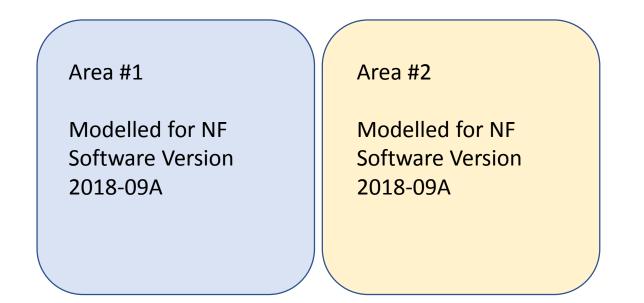


MULTI-PNF DAISY CHAIN DEPLOYMENT



TOPIC: Use Cases for SWVERSIONLIST (R3)

Use Cases that use Software Version LIST	Description
Software Upgrade (Network wide)	Service Provider wants to upgrade a network (or fallback a network) to a new software version. Region #1 – v1; Region #2 – v2.



A planner is responsible for an ONAP deployment that covers a set of areas, in this case #1 and #2. For this particular use case/application (of this parameters), a class of PNFs is allowed to have a set of Software versions in this case 2018-09A and 2018-09B.

SDC PNF MODEL (R4) Dublin+

Contents	Description		
pnfld*	Identifier of this Pnf information element.		
pinia.	CORRELATIONID (A&AI). ACTION: Discuss further		
pnfType (template)*	Type of Resource. NEW type: PNF (pre-defined in SDC)		
Category*	PNF category, e.g. infrastructure		
Vendor (template)*	Identifies the vendor of the PNF. MANDATORY		
Name*	Provides the human readable name of the PNF.		
vendorrelease *	Vendor release. MANDATORY		
vendormodelNumber*	PNF Model value (link to A&AI)		
functionDescription*	Describes the PNF function		
	The EXPECTED software to be supported by the PNF.		
software_versions (opt)	(see TOPIC: SWVersionList)		
	Introduced in R3/Casas		
pnfExtConnPt (modelling def. of connection pt not a	Specifies the characteristics of one or more connection points where to connect the PNF to a VL. Align ETSI SOL-001.		
template)	ML: connection pt model in TOSCA TEMPLATE not as		
properties.contactId (metadata)Designer (user of ONAP)ML: Need for this, Audit/tracking, User creates a log not associated with model itself. 19-Jul – REMOVE THIS PARAMETER			
PackageVersion	The version of the PNF Package. 19-Jul – Not going to onboard the PNF, model it from scratch. Define in SDC.		
NF Controller	Controller for PNF (APP-C, SDN-R, SDN-C, VF-C)		
Technology Domain	Technology Domain		

TOPIC: R3 NF YAML DEFINITIONS

August 7, 2018

PROBLEM STATEMENT:

We need to Store a YAML registration event in the SDC Catalog. Note: The YAML registration event is necessary to validate emitted by PNF Is expected Emitting what it is supposed to be emitting.

SOLUTION (Casablanca R3)

Manually uploaded to different systems If no monitoring defined, can define information manually

PnP FLOW (updated Wiki)

[Added Note & PNP-1310] in Wiki https://wiki.onap.org/display/DW/5G+-+PNF+Plug+and+Play

LONG TERM SOLUTION

PNF Onboarding – Packages (See roadmap section)

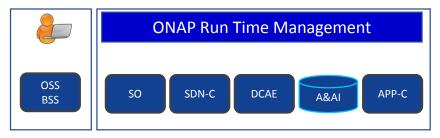


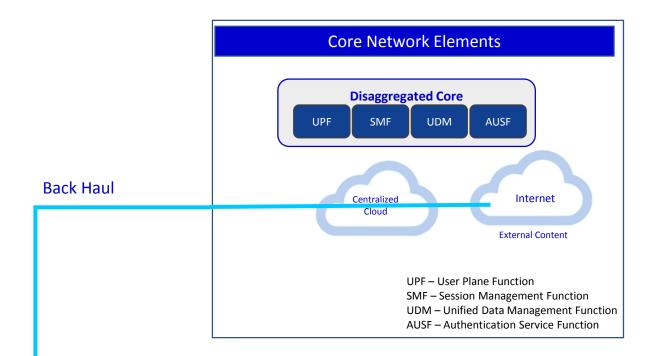
RAN CONCEPT

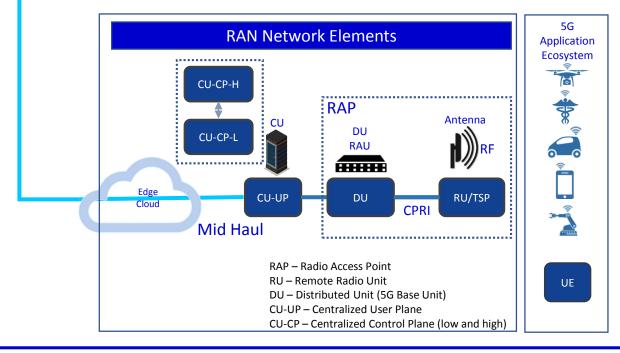
- ONAP and SDC NF Modeling for 5G RAN
- 5G SDC Project

5G RAN NETWORK ARCHITECTURE

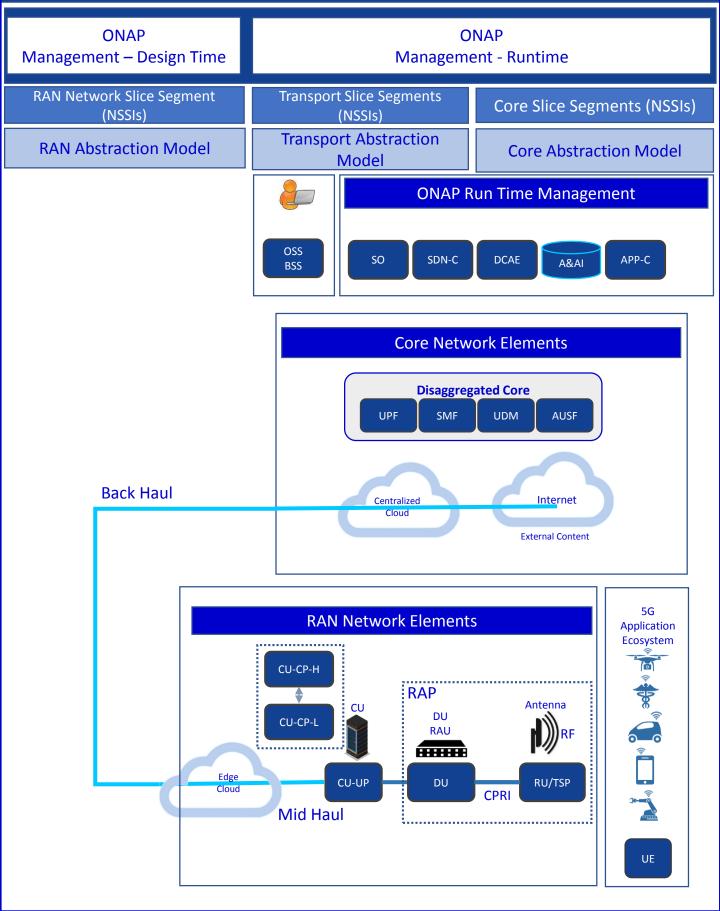
SO – Service Orchestrator SDN-C – Service Design Network Controller DCA&E – Data Collection Analytics & Events A&AI – Available & Active Inventory APP-C – Application Control







5G RAN NETWORK ARCHITECTURE





Associating a Controller for a NF

- ONAP and PNF Plug and Play for 5G RAN for Dublin R4
- 5G Use Case Team

NF Controller (R3 Casablanca)

PROBLEM STATEMENT

Associating the ONAP Platform Controller (APP-C, SDN-C, VF-C) for a NF

RESULT

e.g. SO knows which API to use for NF controller LCM policy engine, DCAE, Change management, S/W Download

NF

OTN PNF (CCVPN), Router PNFs (Optical Domain), 5G DU RAN (Wireless Domain) are PNFs are relevant

SOLUTION (R3 Casablanca)

SDN-C, Hard-Code controller to PNF. "Hard code" Generic-API (PNF Plug and Play UC)

OBJECTIVES (Long-Term Goal)

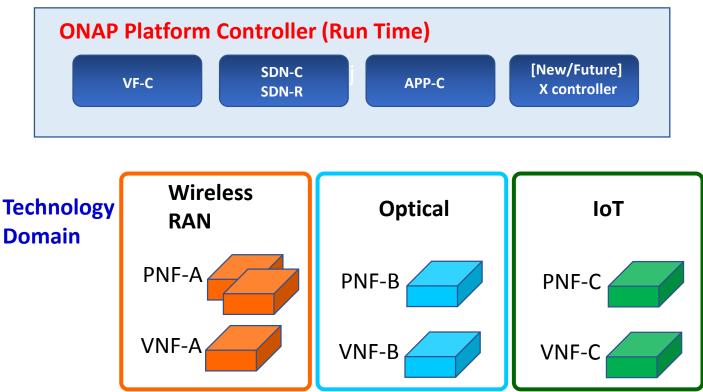
As automated as possible

Using discovery if possible

Flexible operator could design PersonaA for PNF1, PersonaB for PNF2 Take into consideration the capability & functions of the Controller In general, would not want different controllers handling same NF instance.

NF Controller Concepts

ONAP Deployment



PROBLEM DESCRIPTION

Pictured above are three different kinds of PNFs. In orange are wireless (RAN) base stations, such as 5G DU units and their corresponding 5G VNFs. For Optical, there are SOTN PNFs for example as used in the CCVPN use case. Then pictured in green are IoT PNFs. These might include things like smart home units, smart doorbells and the like.

Each of these PNFs fall into a domain category, Wireless, Optical, IoT. These categories are just example categories. There will be many other divisions.

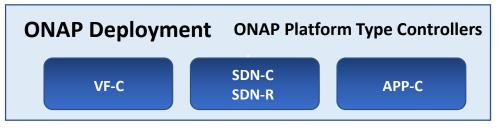
Each of these categories of PNFs & VNFs will have attending Controllers.

For any service provider, (w/ a mix of different vendor NFs, they will have the same Controller)

NF Controller Concepts

ONAP PLATFORM CONTROLLERS (Persona) (SDN-C (SDN-R), VF-C, APP-C, xyz-C) DESCRIPTION

ONAP Platform-Type controllers are SDN-C, SDN-R, VF-C and APP-C. These are specific types of ONAP projects that are controllers to NFs.



Regional CONTROLLER (Instances)

Regional Deployment (instances) of Controllers **DESCRIPTION**

Regional Controllers are specific instances of ONAP platform-type controllers deployed to a particular region or responsible for a particular region. For example SDN-C deployment #1 responsible for the western part of a country, and SDN-C deployment #2 responsible for the eastern part of a country



External (to ONAP) CONTROLLERS

(OSS): EMS, NMS, Vendor proprietary controllers, etc **DESCRIPTION**

ONAP External Controllers that reside outside of ONAP that perform management functions with the PNF and VNFs. Incl. Vendor-proprietary controllers e.g. SDN-C

PNF

External Controller, EMS, NMS



NF Controller PROPOSALS (Goal)

PROPOSAL #1

NF Model (SDC Design Studio) DESCRIPTION

To have the Controller as an attribute as a NF model is specified in the NF Model. Differences between PNFs & VNFs. The PNF has a req for a physical device, VNF does not. Both NFs need controllers.

Objection to model in SDC is that the VID user may not know the controller. The model designer & The Network Engineering should know.

Problem #1 - Requires designer to know the controller

Problem #2 - How is this managed (a hard-coded list) e.g. a 3rd party External Controller

PROPOSAL #2

Policy Driven DESCRIPTION

A policy is designed which has the Controller used by the NF. Problem #1 – That's not what the policy function does Meta-Data of the Table (combined w/ idea #3) Run-time Policy (to take up additions)

PROPOSAL #3

Dynamic Association (Table-Driven Approach) **DESCRIPTION**

Table-Driven Look-up solution based on NF function type. For example a controller may support a particular technology domain (wireless/wireline/optical). Controller support domain and auto-populates the tables. Could be a GUI in SDC (a run-time catalog table). The Table could be onboarded. Design-time field. The PNF needs to have a "Technology" domain (a user or designer). Specific images (S/W loads) to specific Controllers.

NOTES/IDEAS

"ONAP platform type Controller" SDN-C (SDN-R) VF-C APP-C
 Domain Controller - Controller-Instances (regional dependent)
 ONAP deployment [controller] - Domain Controller - ONAP Controller
 OTN PNF = "optical" domain = controller-z
 OTN PNF w/ S/W load 1.1.1.2 = controller-X
 OTN PNF w/ S/W load 1.1.1.3 = controller-y
 Scale, US/Europe, W-E coast. REGIONAL
 Vendor / External Controller
 Question - who defines the "Domain". Defined by Service Provider.

Design Time / Model Level

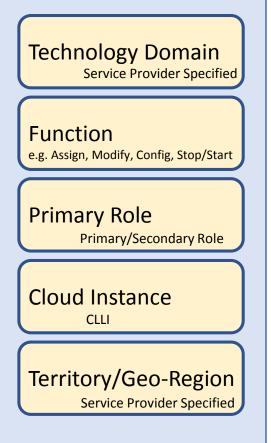
Tech Domain	NF (PNF/VNF)	ONAP Platform Controller	Function (API)
Wireless	E// 5G DU	SDN-C	SDN-C Generic API
Wireless	Nokia 5G DU	SDN-C	SDN-C Generic API
Wireless	Huawei 5G DU	SDN-C	SDN-C Generic API
Wireless (Vendor xyz)	Xyz 5G DU	SDN-C	SDN-C
Wireless Subdomain 1	Xyz 5G DU	VF-C	VF-C
Wireline	Wireline PNF	APP-C	APP-C Assign > APP-C Modify Config Restart Stop/Start
Optical	OTN PNF#2	SDN-C	SDN-C

SO Recipe different controller per flow Lifecycle Management vs CM SSH key to NF to authenticate controller Data structure/Platform-Application Data Mechanism that SP to configure for their operation Choose to have APP-C vs SDN-C to do something Controllers configured to handle domain & function Controllers could publish to the table Controller register to give provide input for auto-population Controller when created can state its capabilities

Dynamic Association Approach

CONTROLLER REGISTERS IS ABILITIES

CONTROLLER



In Run-time the controller can "register" with the *Dynamic Association Handler* which would specify its capabilities

Controller created specifies its abilities.

When you onboard a controller It should self-identify the capabilities It supports. SDNC might support modify config doesn't support stop/start LCM.

SO Work-flows. Not only at controller level but at different level (resource level).

SAS – A service comes up, dependencies / capabilities. Based on capabilities resolve dependencies & corresponding API used. PNP "on the fly" addition. 3rd party controller. OSDF/SAS Technology based.

Registry w/ Table-metaphor is dynamic. Do controller stuff in controllers. Bootup time register controller. Possible to Re-run registry (during runtime). Register/ Re-Register/ Deregister.

Table should be outside of SO or in Consul. E.g. Healthcheck where SO is not involved. Anyone should be able to do a look-up. CC-SDK.

RUN TIME CATALOG (SDC created artifacts) vs CONSUL (Southbound of ONAP controller & capabilities)

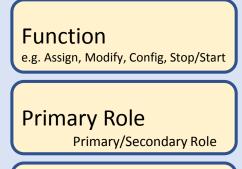
VNF is a collection of VFCs. VNF one API endpoint. All VFCs are within same cloud instance. A service can be composed of VNFs from multiple vendors or the same.

Dynamic Association Approach

PNF Plug and Play VNF Instantiation



Technology Domain Service Provider Specified



Cloud Instance

Territory/Geo-Region Service Provider Specified A NF is a VNF or PNF that can interact with a Controller.

Corner Case: VNF w/ multiple VNF-Cs spanning multiple regions.

Service provider defines "Major" technology domains (e.g. Wireless), the Vendor can define "Minor" technology domain (e.g. 5G RAN)

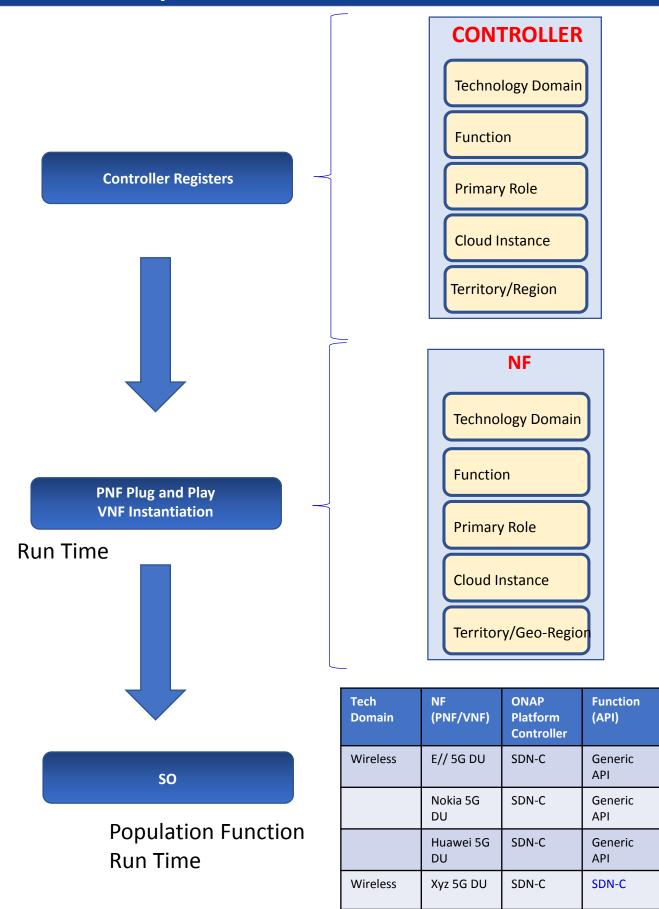
"Lookup" we have a NF ... and its part of this xyz Domain. DU in SDC (Model) DU in A&AI (Instance) SO looks up what controller should be used? DU says "I'm in this tech domain" Tech domain are "main lookup key" Function are supporting attributes

SO would know the Cloud Region, Territory. When it comes time to call a controller. Via Homing & Complex-Object

QUERY into the "Table" returns Tech domain-Function – Primary – Cloud –Georegion

SDC, VID, OOF, A&AI dependencies.

Dynamic Association Flow



Dynamic Association – Design Time

SDC

STEP 1:

INSTANTIATE CONTROLLER (Design Time)

1a. VNF SDK describe attribute functionalities needed within the TOSCA model those capabilities are mapped into a controller based on the table.

1a. In the ONAP build, Empty Table is Created.

1a. SP provisioning/setup of ONAP instance/installation. i.e. SO, SDN-C, APP-C configuration

1b. SP Create instances of Controller

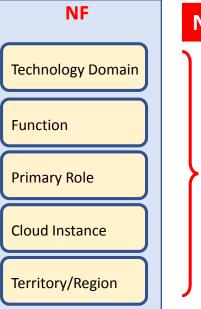
1c. Profile Controller (tech fun role instance)1d. Filling in the Controller part ofTable.

STEP 2:

NF MODEL (Design Time)

NF Model ingestion/onboarding NF part of table updated (Vendor Class of NF) CSAR > VNF SDK

Tech Domain	NF (PNF/VNF)	ONAP Platform Controller	Function (API)
Wireless	ireless E// 5G DU SDN-C Generic API		Generic API
Wireless	reless Nokia 5G SDN DU		Generic API
	Huawei 5G DU	SDN-C	Generic API
Wireless	Xyz 5G DU SDN-C		SDN-C





STEP 1:

INSTANTIATE CONTROLLER (ONAP Installation)

WHO: Capacity/Network Planning Team (Service Provider), ONAP Installation Team (Service Provider)

1a. The Table is Created with no value (Empty)

1b. SP provisioning/setup of ONAP instance/installation. i.e. SO, SDN-C, APP-C configuration

1c. SP Create instances of ONAP Platforms Controller (SDN-C, APP-C, VF-C)

1d. Onboard Profile Controller (tech fun role cloud instance loc)

1e. Filling in the Controller part of Table.

STEP 2 (DESIGN TIME ACTIVITIES) WHO:

SDC Design Studio, CDT, DCAE-DS ... etc

1a. Input to SDC TOSCA template from VNF-SDK (or manual) that specifies
what the NF needs from a controller and NF properties
1b. Onboarding PNF-D, Defining Models & Artifacts, Updating SDC
Catalog

1c. NF information put into the SDC artifacts/CSAR Package

1d. (optional) SDC could also update the Controller section of the table (by specifying controller information). Tool/Script to controller information if necessary (due to typos, adaptations for congestion, migrations, new technology domains, etc).

1e. SDC distributes Artifacts (CSAR) to ONAP components & listeners 1f. Process of ingesting the model (SDC artifacts), SO populates the table (NF part of the table "new", UPDATES the rest of the table from Optional updates [in step 1d.]).

STEP 3: (RUN TIME OPERATION)

1a. Components in ONAP (e.g. SO, policy) USE the table to find the appropriate controller & APIs for a NF.

1b. When policy's action require a controller look at the table.

When policy's action is to consult w/ SO it knows how to talk to SO EXAMPLE: Message from NF, executing a Use Case. e.g. Threshold > NF > DCAE > Policy > Action > SO: Controller to interact w/ NF

		CONTROLLE
		Technology Domai
		Function
Primary Role	Primary Role	
		Cloud Instance
		Territory/Region

	NF
	Technology Domain
	Function
	Primary Role
	Cloud Instance
1	Territory/Geo-Regio

DISCUSSION

NOTE: Once initial instantiation takes place & mapping, that mapping needs to be maintained for the lifecycle of the NF.

Q: Stability of Table? Will answers change?

A: For same data in will get same answer out.

A: Updates to the table can be made

Q: (Ben) case: conflict race condition (operator#1 updating / operator#2 updating table).

A: Transaction control

ONAP installation team updates. Should own data integrity of the table. Maria DB transaction control.

Q: (Oskar) case: granularity of look-up, look-up based on a specific action. Restart but can't do config modify.

For a particular instance of NF handled by one controller instances.

Cases w/ dynamic look-up hard to guarantee.

If you have granularity on operation-level get two answers depending on which operation you want to perform.

Locking in A&AI to block other things.

Operations lock out ONAP from doing changes while maintenance Course locking/ Finer locking (future)

NF#12 two active Policies

Policy #1 Restart Policy #2 Config-Modify. Trigger at same time.

Table lookup > Get Controller Instances.

DESIGN-TIME

SDC – Design Studio Onboard a resource (type, role, function, [tech domain]) Deduce tech domain? From type-role-function? Operator specifies the Technology Domain of the NF Operator specified the Technology domains (or possibly Techdomain is deduced from type-role-function) Service Provider defines the possible Technology Domains Assign every NE and Service to a Technology Domain TD1 = SDN-C TD2 = VF-C manually modeled, table created.

TechDomain to ONAPPlatformController SDC – Model "mapping" > Catalog

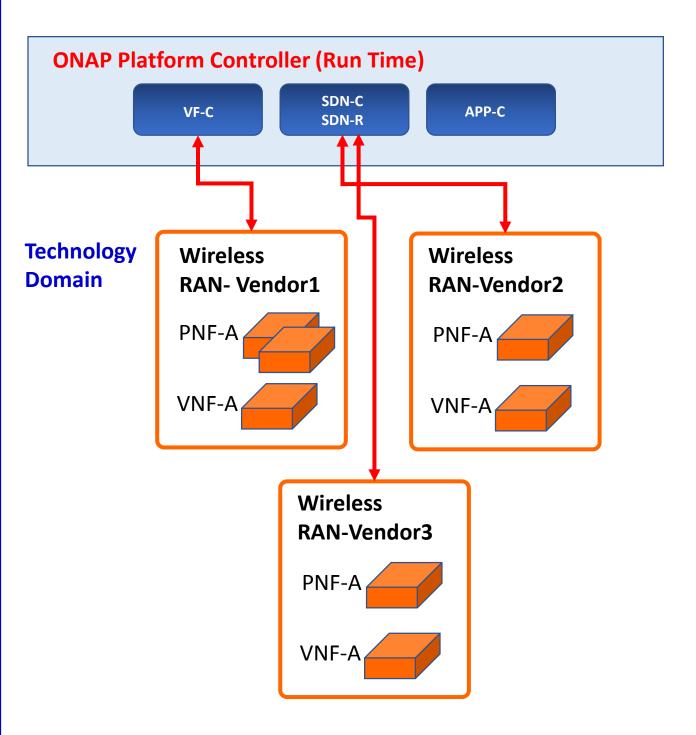
RUN-TIME

As a NF registers, the (managing ONAP entity e.g. SO for PNF) would look up the TD > OPC mapping)

3 Technology Controllers (Wireless, Enterprise, Other) When generate controller it populates the table. Dynamically populate table

Who Chooses the Controller?

Who Choose the ONAP controller type for the NF?



NF Controller - Notes

Identifying the NF controller For VNF is part of the Call Flow

VNF gets orchestrated through recipe & DG & Yang models

(assumption is SDNC is the controller)

VNF can have own domain controller

DG pass control VN adaptor to 3rd party controller

PNF controller to be discovered as part of the PnP Flow

Provision PNF manually specify the Controller

SO passes to APPC service instance

SO pulls service info

PNF (CU) must be configured first

CU configuration process (could identify the ONAP controller)

PNF (routers, access pts, RAN 5G DU, CU)

- SDN-C, VF-C, x-controllers
- ONAP SO needs to know what API & Controller for PNF.

NF Controller - Notes

NOTES: July 17th Modeling Discussion

Seshu We have talking of a TOSCA event-based flavor given To the WF entity-based; SO Trying to adapt – The NF controller modeled-User on client side selects the controller (also has problems) If not the UI, the modeler who can understand this is the case Information that something is a missing point – trying to Can we have a understanding in des-time; for the controller SDN-C, APP-C, VF-C, GNF-C etc Resources compatible w/ this resource type A designer driven Designer may not know PNF PNP does not use OOF This is a RECURRENT problem (also encountered in Scaling use case)

Alex Vul PLACEMENT POLICY – POLICY FRAMEWORK Design times generic, bind specific VNF Map to OOF. Mechanism exists. Log des; phys infrastructure; binding between 2 (by OOF) Heirarchical orchestration Policy design by a Human Operator, designs the policy of PNF. Designer doesn't know controller;

Chaker AlHakim Restate the problem Add an attribute in A&AI Register a SERVICE. Add service in A&AI. Best way to register the service controller is providing. Creating the service don't know physical/virtual resources.

Srini Vellanki Workflow designer SERVICE MODEL – which controller to use



A&AI (Reference)

- ONAP and PNF Plug and Play for 5G RAN
- 5G Use Case Team

ACTIVE INVENTORY (A&AI) R3/Casa

	ACTIVE & AVAILABLE INVENTORY (A&AI) PROJECT IMPACTS			
New A&AI PNF Parameters	PNF GEOLOCATION - geographical location (e.g. coordinates or address of the building, etc.). Latitude/Longitude. <i>THIS ALREADY EXISTS VIA</i> ASSOCIATION TO THE "COMPLEX" OBJECT. The Complex Object represents a BUILDING or location with geographical information. The AAI PNF will have a UML association to the Complex object.			
Software Version	DETECTED SOFTWARE PNF VERSION(S) – swVersionList. R3 Casablanca – This will be a list of software versions. In Run-Time when PNF registers with ONAP it can report its (list) of PNF Software that is currently has installed. This will be tracked in A&AI entry for that PNF. Entry will also an indication that one is <i>Active</i> . R4 Dublin – proposing software Object which could be linked by SDC and A&AI. swVersion [1x] (Array) { swVersion (String) activeSw (Boolean) }			
Homing	PNF [#1:CU/#2:ONAP] CLOUD HOME (CLOUD SERVER LOCATION) – PNF is served by some regional ONAP cloud servers. Serves in "Rehome" PNF. CLLI Code (specifies location, street address, CloudID, physical server is deployed). [Potentially a list of locations] OOF determine the homing of a NF. Anything you home is determined in the context of a deployment. (Homing) Policy used as a f(service). Data center might have been divided into cloud regions. Service VMME running in NE area (distances, regions, tenants where to instantiate PNF). AAI has COMPLEX node. "Physical Location ID" (8 char CLLI code, lat/long = geolocation info of data center. Cloud region doesn't span data centers.			
External Manager IP Address	External Manager IP Address – provides an additional IP address for the BTS that is vendor-specific and relevant to the OAM management of the BTS. SUGGESTION (from Christina A&AI) model the NMS as a PNF itself (and the NMS will have parameters to represent itself; and then PNF can be associated with it).			

S/W Image Repository / R3 Casa

ACTIVE & AVAILABLE INVENTORY (A&AI) PROJECT IMPACTS

S/W Image Repository

S/W Image Repository – Where the S/W is located. Configuration Parameter.

https://wiki.onap.org/pages/viewpage.action?pageId=25431491

Create a Complex Object

PUT /aai/v11/cloud-infrastructure/complexes/complex/clli2 HTTP/1.1 Host: <AAI VM1 IP>:8443 X-TransactionId: 9999 X-FromAppId: jimmy-postman Real-Time: true Authorization: Basic QUFJOkFBSQ== Content-Type: application/json Accept: application/json Cache-Control: no-cache Postman-Token: 734b5a2e-2a89-1cd3-596d-d69904bcda0a { "physical-location-id": "clli2", "data-center-code": "example-data-center-code-val-6667", "complex-name": "clli2", "identity-url": "example-identity-url-val-28399", "physical-location-type": "example-physical-location-type-val-28399", "street1": "example-street1-700MountainAvenue", "street2": "example-street2-GlenSideRoad", "city": "example-city-MurrayHill", "state": "example-state-NewJersey", "postal-code": "example-postal-code-07974", "country": "example-country-UnitedStates", "region": "example-region-val-28399", "latitude": "111.1", "longitude": "234.2, "elevation": "example-elevation-538feet", "lata": "example-lata-val-28399"

}

PNF A&AI Entry

PARAMETER DESCRIPTION	
PNF-NAME	<i>pnf-name</i> is the Key in AAI. pnf-name is the first three letters of the Vendor and PNF serial number. This is a unique identifier for the PNF instance. It is also called the Correlation ID. Note: MAC address & serial number are unique per vendors; not across vendors, so the Vendor name is added to insure uniqueness.
EQUIP-TYPEThe equip-type parameter gives the type of the PNF.	
EQUIP-VENDORThe equip-vendor is an optional parameter we indicates the vendor for the PNF. For example Nokia or Ericsson.	
EQUIP-MODELThe equip-model is an optional parameter whi indicates the model of the PNF.	
PNF-ID	UUID = Service provider assigned number from network planner.
MANAGER IP ADDRESS	adds <i>ipaddress-v4-oam; ipaddress-v6-oam</i> This is the "manager IP Address" which for a DU might be a CU IP address; (FYI/ <i>ipaddress-v4-loopback-</i> 0).
MAC ADDRESSThis is the MAC address of the PNF. This is a service field.	
SERIAL NUMBER	This is the serial number of the PNF. This is a service field.
PROXY IP ADDRESS	This field contains the <i>proxy IP address</i> for the PNF.



PNF Plug and Play ROADMAP (After Casablanca)

- ONAP and PNF Plug and Play for 5G RAN
- 5G Use Case Team

TOPIC: SWVERSIONLIST (R4+)

TOPIC:

Adding Description to software_versions (after Casablanca R4+)

Problem Statement: Adding Description to SWVersionList Problem Statement: Add new **DATATYPE** (going through the modeling subcommittee)

SOLUTION

Content of PNF software version List

Contents		Description	
	description	Describes the main feature of the this software version	
softwareList swVersion		Software version	

Want a DATA STRUCTURE in the TOSCA MODEL for the NF Model

Discussion

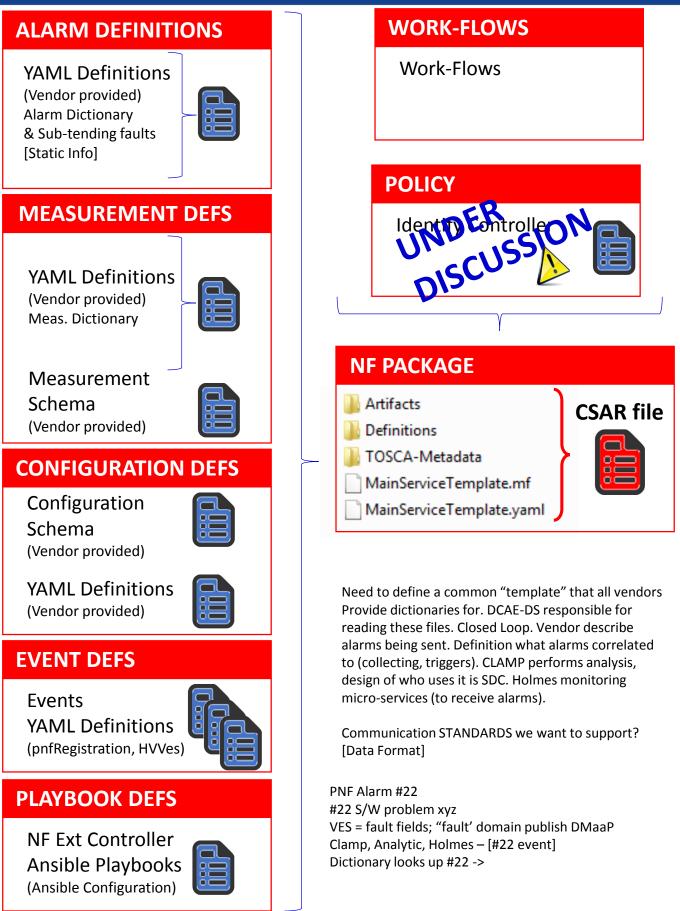
(SDC) software_versions data type (R4+)

New Data Type for modeling PNF Software Versions

Software (object)

FIELD	ТҮРЕ	DESCRIPTION
software-id	String	Index key for this object
swDescription	String	Descriptive text of the software
swVersion	String	The version of this software
swVendor	String	Vendor for this software
swVersionLabel	String	Semantic label for the software

PNF PACKAGE (R4 DUBLIN)



YAML NF REGISTRATION (R4 DUBLIN)

EVENT DEFS

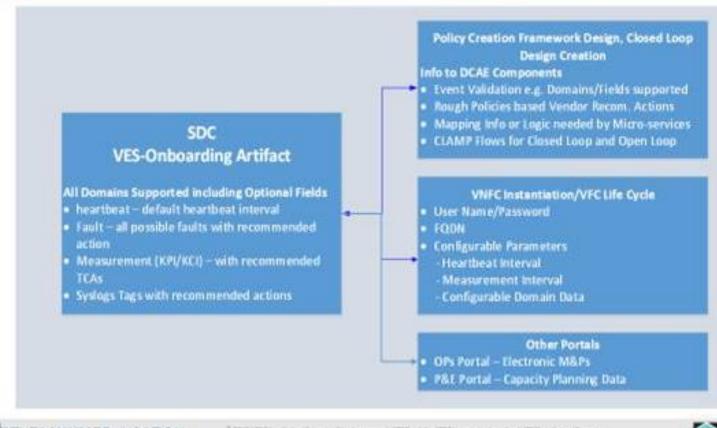
Events YAML Definitions (pnfRegistration, HVVes)



YAML Registration – All events a NF supports Indicates how this NF send the data for that event

<u>ACTION</u>: (Sept 25) What is done w/ a VNF now? for VNF YAML Registration. Architecture Team (Chris Donley, Steve Terrill, Brian Freeman)

VES On-Boarding Artifact Use

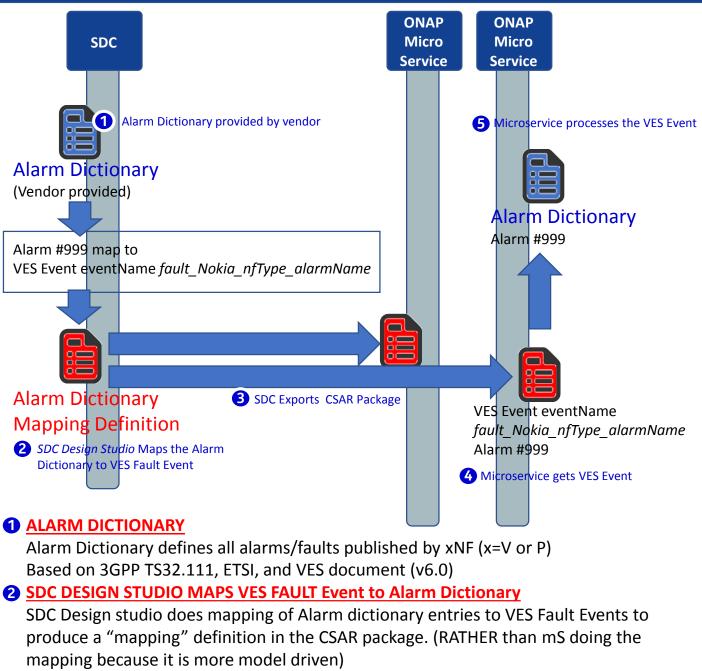


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Alarm Dictionary Usage



3 SDC DISTRIBUTES DEFINITIONS

SDC creates a definition of how to start-up service. SDC exports the *CSAR package* with the VES Fault to Alarm dictionary mapping definitions.

DEFINITIONS & ARTIFACTS (CSAR PACKAGE)

- 1. VES-Alarm mapping definition passed by SDC (CSAR Package) to ONAP components
- 2. DCAE micro-service gets CSAR package

MICRO SERVICE GETS FAULT EVENT

Microservice has subscribed to fault domain DMaaP Topic and receives the VES Fault Event from xNF in run-time.

5 MICRO SERVICE PROCESSES EVENT

Microservice processes the VES Event using the Alarm Dictionary

Alarm Dictionary Usage

ALARM DICTIONARY (Fault YAML File) PURPOSE

- (1) DICTIONARY it allows for a readily accessible body of the entire set of alarms & faults that are managed by a PNF. It would allow for an operator to see all of the alarms & faults of a PNF without having to wait for individual alarms & faults to arrive in ONAP.
- (2) Analytics facilitator A dictionary would allow for a variety of vendor specific (or vendor agnostic) analytics applications to be developed. There are a variety of fields in the Alarm Dictionary that would facilitate such analytics capabilities as correlation, escalation, isolation, recovery actions, selfhealing, and life cycle management functions.
- (3) GENERAL ANALYTICS The strength of ONAP is the potential ability to coordinate information from multiple sources, different vendors, and disparate types of NFs. A dictionary can form the foundation for generalized analytics that are vendor agnostic.

FAULT DICTIONARY PURPOSE

(1) FAULTS vs ALARMS - Fault can be a condition encountered in run-time that does not necessarily create a customer-facing alarm. An alarm is intended to result in a visual notification to a service provider to take action. An analogy would be the "Check engine" light in your car which would correspond to an Alarm. A solenoid, a carburetor, or distributor fault all might lead to a "Check engine" light. A driver (service provider) may not be able to directly act on the specific fault (or indeed care about the fault); but when the "check engine" light went on would know to take some action (go to the service station). FRTire-Fault FLTire-Fault RRTire-Fault RLTire-Fault -> TIRE LOW TIRE PRESSURE Alarm

NF ALARM DICTIONARY FIELDS (Template)

ALARM FIELD	DESCRIPTION
ALARIM FIELD	DESCRIPTION Gives the Identifier for the alarm. This is also the Identifier that is used in the VES event
Alarm Dictionary muck	so it can be used to associate the event with the definition entry.
	The VES Event EventID would encode the Alarm number which will correspond to the
	Alarm Index.
	EXAMPLE: 12345
Alarm Name	Alarm Name which will be used in the Event Name. Note this maps to the
Alarminame	alarmCondition in the VES Fault Event in faultevent fields.
	EXAMPLE: Synchronization Lost
Event Type *	Indicates the type of alarm. The types are: Communications Alarm, Processing Error
Event Type	Alarm, Environmental Alarm, Quality of Service Alarm, Equipment Alarm, Integrity
	Violation, Operational Violation, Physical Violation, Security Service Violation,
	Mechanism Violation, or Time Domain Violation. Note this maps to the eventCategtory
	in the VES Fault Event in faultevent fields.
	EXAMPLE: Quality of Service Alarm
Meaning of Alarm	Provides a descriptive meaning of the alarm condition. This is intended to be read by
	an operator to give an idea of what happened.
	EXAMPLE: Synchronization has been lost
Effect of Alarm	Provides a description of the consequence of the alarm condition. When this alarm
	condition occurs. This is intended to be read by an operator to give a sense of the
	effects, consequences, and other impacted areas of the system.
	EXAMPLE: Loss in Quality of Service
Managed Object(s)	Managed object (MO) associated with this Alarm. Note this maps to the
managea object(s)	eventSourceType in the VES Fault Event in faultevent fields.
	EXAMPLE: Clock (MO)
Probable Cause *	Provides the probable cause qualifier for the alarm. Probable causes are found in 3GPP
	TS 32.111 Annex B drawn from ITU-T M.3100 and from ITU-T Recommendation X.721,
	X.733, and X.736
	EXAMPLE: lossOfSynchronisation
Probable Cause Number*	Probable Cause Number the numeric value associated with the Probable Cause
	EXAMPLE: 76
Specific Problem *	(Optional) It provides further qualification on the alarm than probable Cause. This
	attribute value shall be single-value and of simple type such as integer or string.
	Defined in ITU-T Recommendation X.733 Clause 8.1.2.2. Note this is the 3GPP Specific
	problem not be confused with the specificProblem field of the VES Fault Event in
	faultevent fields.
Proposed Repair	It indicates instructions for proposed repair actions. These are defined in ITU-T
Actions*	Recommendation X.733 clause 8.1.2.12.
	EXAMPLE: Reset the BTS, ONAP Controller does x
Clearing Type	Indicates whether the alarm is automatically or manually cleared
	EXAMPLE: Automatic
Additional Text*	This field contain further information on the alarm. This attribute provides <i>vendor</i>
	specific alarm information. A specific condition for this optional population is when an
	alarm presented by the EM has different values of perceived severity, and / or alarm
	type.
	EXAMPLE: Specific data 10
Associated Fault(s)	Indicates the associated faults that triggered this alarm. List of fault(s) associated with
	the alarm cross indexed against a vendor provided fault information.
	EXAMPLE: Fault 99999

NF ALARM DICTIONARY FIELDS (Template)

ALARM FIELD	STANDARDS	VES FAULT EVENT
Alarm Name	None	maps to alarmCondition in the VES Fault Event
		in faultevent fields
Event Type *	3GPP TS32.111	maps to eventCategtory in the VES Fault Event
		in faultevent fields
Meaning of	N/A	N/A
Alarm		
Effect of Alarm	N/A	N/A
Managed	N/A	maps to eventSourceType in the VES Fault Event
Object(s)		in faultevent fields
Probable Cause *	3GPP TS 32.111 Annex B	N/A
	ITU-T M.3100	
	ITU-T Recommendation X.721, X.733, and	
	X.736	
Probable Cause	3GPP TS 32.111 Annex B	N/A
Number *	ITU-T M.3100	
	ITU-T Recommendation X.721, X.733, and	
	X.736	
Specific Problem	3GPP TS32.111.	N/A
*	ITU-T Recommendation X.733 Clause 8.1.2.2	
Proposed Repair	3GPP TS32.111	N/A
Actions*		
Clearing Type	N/A	N/A
Additional Text	3GPP TS32.111	N/A

NF FAULT DICTIONARY FIELDS (Template)

DESCRIPTION
Gives the Identifier for the alarm. This is also the Identifier that is used in the VES event
so it can be used to associate the event with the definition entry.
EXAMPLE: 99999
Alarm Name which will be used in the Event Name. Note this maps to the
alarmCondition in the VES Fault Event in faultevent fields.
EXAMPLE: Loss of Synchronization
Provides a descriptive meaning of the alarm condition. This is intended to be read by
an operator to give an idea of what happened.
EXAMPLE: Synchronization due to PTP IEEE1588 Failure
Managed object (MO) associated with this Alarm. Note this maps to the
eventSourceType in the VES Fault Event in faultevent fields.
EXAMPLE: Clock (MO)
Provides a description of the consequence of the alarm condition. When this alarm
condition occurs. This is intended to be read by an operator to give a sense of the
effects, consequences, and other impacted areas of the system.
EXAMPLE: Loss of synchronization affect QoS
Indicates the associated faults that triggered this alarm. List of fault(s) associated with
the alarm cross indexed against a vendor provided fault information.
EXAMPLE: 12345
It indicates instructions for proposed repair actions. These are defined in ITU-T
Recommendation X.733 clause 8.1.2.12.
EXAMPLE: Reset BTS
This field contain further information on the alarm. This attribute provides <i>vendor</i>
specific additional fault information.

event: {presence: required, action: {any, any, <u>AlarmID</u> 71xx RECO-contact Nokia technical <u>support</u> }, comment: " MEANING = A fault has occurred in the base station synchronization. For example: the base station reference clock signal is lost or is unstable/inaccurate, ..., EFFECT = The effect of the fault on the functioning of the network element depends on the fault id raised. See fault effect below in registration YAML, CLEARING TYPE = automatic

structure: {

commonEventHeader: {presence: required, structure: {

version: {presence: required, value: 3.0},

domain: {presence: required, value: fault},

eventName: {presence: required, value: Fault_5gBts_Nokia_baseStationSynchronizationProblem},

eventId: {presence: required),

sourceName: {presence: required},

reportingEntityName: {presence: required},

priority: {presence: required},

startEpochMicrosec: {presence: required},

}},

faultFields: {presence: required, structure: {

faultFieldsVersion: {presence: required, value: 3.0},

eventCategory: {presence: optional, comment: "Quality of service"},

alarmCondition: {presence: required, value: 'baseStationSynchronizationProblem'},

eventSourceType: {presence: required},

alarminterfaceA: {presence: required},

specificProblem: {presence: required},

eventSeverity: {presence: required},

nfStatus: {default: Active},

alarmAdditionalInformation: {presence: required, array: {

keyValuePair: {presence: required, structure: {

key: {presence: required, value: 'Fault ID'},

value: {presence: required}},

comment: "

FAULT ID = 9,

FAULT NAME = 'BTS time not corrected',

comment: "

FAULT ID = 9,

FAULT NAME = 'BTS time not corrected',

FAULT DESCRIPTION = 'The reference frequency that the BTS master clock receives has changed by about 200 ppb or more (which equals the change magnitude of 204 DAC steps or more (with 12bit DAC)) during the measurement period, compared to the BTS master clock frequency.

Causes can be:

1. The reference frequency

2. The reference frequency fluctuates ...',

EFFECT = 'This fault does not immediately affect the operations of the BTS, but it is a notification ...',

PROPOSED ACTION = 'access thefollow the instructions below:

In case of a fault in the transmission network synchronization, ...

In case of a BTS equipment fault, the location might be:

4. After the fault situation has been cleared,',

FAULT ID= 1818,

FAULT NAME = 'BTS master clock tuning failure',

FAULT DESCRIPTON = 'Master clock frequency is tuned to within 5% of its minimum or maximum tuning limit.',

EFFECT = 'The BTS can operate properly for months

Effects in Frequency Synchronization mode: ...

Effects in Phase Synchronization mode:',

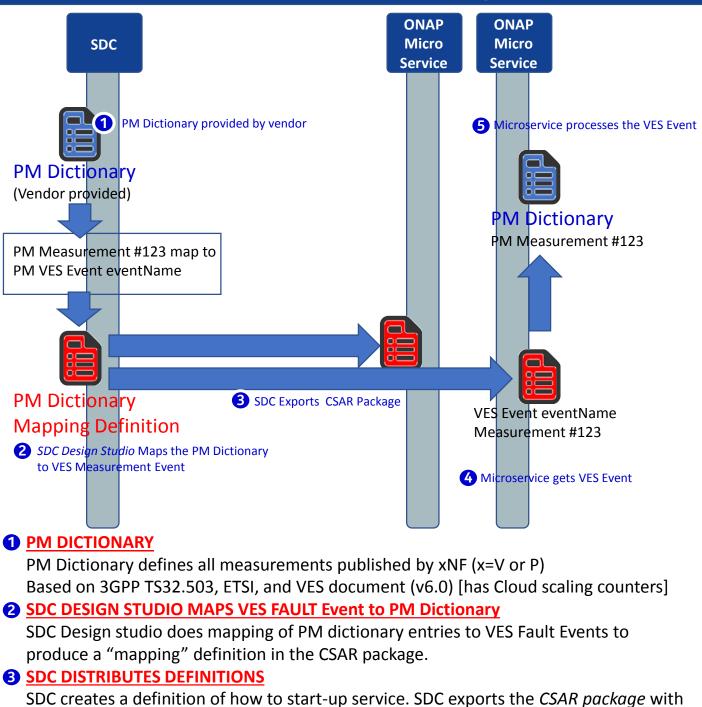
PROPOSED ACTION = 'Perform the steps below in the listed order until the fault disappears. Not tracking satellites:

1. The most common reason

There might be a malfunction in the GPS receiver. Perform a (remote) power reset for the GPS receiver.

 There might be a HW fault in the GPS receiver. Check the operation and change the GPS module, if needed.'

PM Dictionary Usage



the VES Fault to PM dictionary mapping definitions.

DEFINITIONS & ARTIFACTS (CSAR PACKAGE)

- 1. VES meas mapping definition passed by SDC (CSAR Package) to ONAP components
- 2. DCAE micro-service gets CSAR package

MICRO SERVICE GETS MEASUREMENT EVENT

Microservice has subscribed to fault domain DMaaP Topic and receives the VES Fault Event from xNF in run-time.

5 MICRO SERVICE PROCESSES EVENT

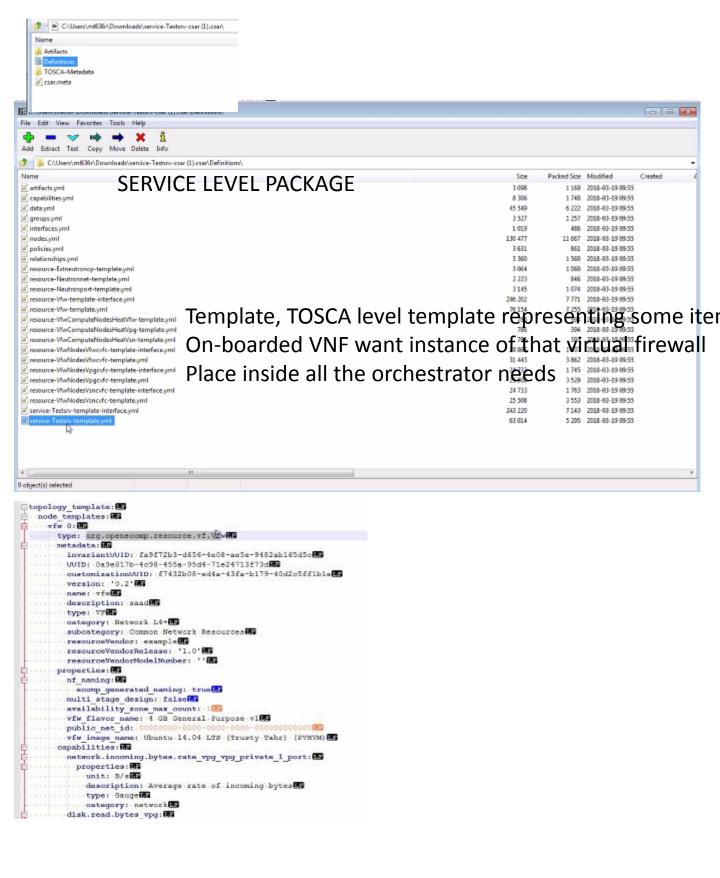
Microservice processes the VES Event using the PM Measurements Dictionary

PM Dictionary Usage



APPENDIX & Meeting Notes





🗧 👌 🕐 🏠 🔞 Not secure 104.239.130.6/8/285/sdc1#l/worksmace/c6e78c2e-fe63-47eb-bcl	Ro-dSB1-Gressure/composition/details 0 🕁 🗅 🚺 🙃 🖾 🛄 💭 🔅
pnfExtConnPt (modelling def. of connection pt not a template)	Specifies the characteristics of one or more connection points where to connect the PNF to a VL. Align ETSI SOL-001. ML: connection pt model in TOSCA TEMPLATE not as properties.
ExtVL V1.00 V1.00 Control Number	Port 0 Creation Date: 07/19/2018 Author: Carlos Seratos Yendor Name: 12244 Vendor Name: 12124



		Service Orchestrator		O Logout (admin)							
A Nodes # Connect # ONAP AAI # ONAP DOAE	Design Phase Create PNF via SO in A&AI		Nodes: % 1	Alarm status: 🌪 4 🏝 0 🏝 0 🚵 2 Sum: 6 🛛 Heljo							
.ª ONAP SO	Name	Identifier	Equipment type	Equipment model							
A pol Fault	New-PNF	Now-PNF network unique identifier	Fancy-equipment type	Best in class							
45 pml Config Lat. pml PM Commit Lat. pml PM History	Equipment vendor ONAP SDN-R Community	IPv4 address 10.10.10	Maintenace mode								
Gal pri PM Link	+ Create PNF in Active and Available	e Inventory									
e prif inventory prif Tapology o prif Mediator o Halp	prr' Inversiony prif Tapology prif Mediator ONAP SDN-R ONF Witeless for OpenDaylight Carbon-SR1 - Build: 2018-06-18 13:43 UTC										

SDN-R in Open Daylight create a A&AI PNF entry

Demo given by Michael Lando (Aug 21, 2018) Demonstrating software_versions in SDC Design Studio

Properties Assignment

				Search	q	Declare	
Propertie	s	Inputs		Search	4	Declare	
Property Name	From Instance	Туре	Value		Discard	Save	Composition Property Structure
nf_function		string					EXAMPLE
software_versi		list					No data to display
nf_role		string					
nf_type		string					

Properties Assignment

Properties Inputs				Search	۹ 7	Declare			
Property Name	Туре	ES	Value		Discard	Save	Composition Property Structure		
R EXAMPLE 0	SOFTWARE_VERSIONS No data to display								
mf_function	string						No data to uspray		
software_versions	list	string		Add value to list					
			11 I						
			10			Ê			
nf_role	string								
□ mf_type	string								

TOSCA Artifacts

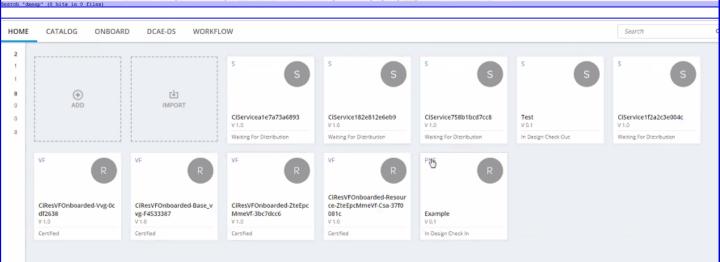
Name 🔺	Туре	Version	
> Tosca Model	TOSCA_CSAR	0	÷
> Tosca Template	TOSCA_TEMPLATE	0	±

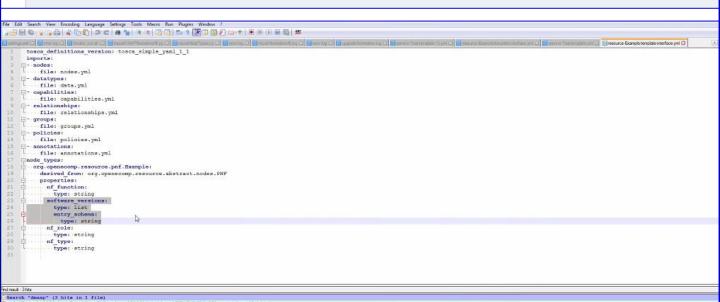
Name	Size	Packed Size	Modified	Created Accessed	Attributes	Encrypted Comment	CRC	Method	Charac
Sarvice-Test-terrplot system	1 592	698	2018-08-21 13:29				041CD0D7	Deflate	Descrip
Service-Test-template-interface.yml	420	187	2018-08-21 13:29				C8014A49	Deflate	Descrip
📄 resource-Example-template.yml	898	434	2018-08-21 13:29				A244C2B3	Deflate	Descrip
🔟 resource-Example-template-interface.yml	641	256	2018-08-21 13:29				18AFA405	Deflate	Descrip
🖃 relationships.yml	6 108	1 646	2018-08-21 13:29				E3D8F59E	Deflate	Descrip
2 policies yml	4 557	1 099	2018-08-21 13:29				E95763F5	Deflate	Descrip
2 nodes.yml	129 257	11 795	2018-08-21 13:29				AFF613FB	Deflate	Descrip
interfaces.yml	3 113	797	2018-08-21 13:29				3CEB0215	Deflate	Descrip
2 groups.yml	4 883	1 502	2018-08-21 13:29				6EEEB096	Deflate	Descrip
🖻 data yml	52 526	7 015	2018-08-21 13:29				A847239E	Deflate	Descrip
🖹 capabilities.yml	9 108	1899	2018-08-21 13:29				818897B1	Deflate	Descrip
🖻 artifacts.yml	3 180	1182	2018-08-21 13:29				88F1789A	Deflate	Descrip
2 annotations.yml	1 025	550	2018-08-21 13:29				439CAD86	Deflate	Descrip

sonar.	El equation de la companya
	E- policies:
	file: policies.yml
29	□- annotations:
	file: annotations.yml
31	- service-test-interface:
32	file: service-Test-template-interface.yml
33	- resource-example:
34	file: resource-Example-template.yml
35	resource-example-interface:
36	file: resource-Example-template-interface.yml
37	⊖topology template:
	node templates:
	e ····example 0:
40	·····type: org.openecomp.resource.pnf.Example
41	🖻 metadata:
42	·····invariantUVID: 5718362c-ec6a-431b-afd7-f5ab63bf3039
43	
44	<pre>customizationNVID: 634e2aie=1fac=4bb3=aca5=35f3a0b00c5e</pre>
45	version: '0.1'
46	name: example
47	description:-'123'
48	type: PNP
49	
50	subcategory: Web-Server
51	resourceVendor: '123'
52	······resourceVendorRalease: · '123'
53	resourceVendorModelNumber: ''
54	e ····· properties:
55	software versions:
56	- *11*
57	- '10'
58	🖨 ·· substitution_nappings:
59	noda type: org.openecomp.service.Test
60	

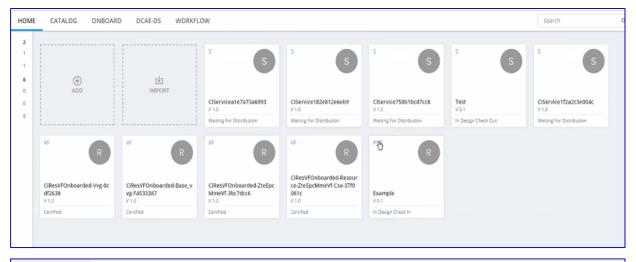
aap" (3 hits in 1 file) nh "da

\scp27333\data\logs\BE\SDC\SD -BE\error.log (3 hits) Line 22255 2018-08-21712:17:49.5012[]msn150C cashing|[]ExecuteRetRequest|[INFO[0]Starting to consume topic topic for BGAAP consumer with the mest parameters DmagConsumerConfiguration [hests=losalhest:3905, consumerGroupende, Line 22255; 2018-08-21712:17:49.5512[]msn150C cashing[ExecuteRetRequest][INFO[0]Starting to consume topic topic for BGAAP consumer with the next parameters DmagConsumerConfiguration [hests=losalhest:3905, consumerGroupende, Line 22252; 2018-08-21712:17:49.5502[]msn150C cashing[ExecuteRetRequest][INFO[0]Starting to consumer topic topic for BGAAP consumer with the next parameters DmagConsumerConfiguration [hests=losalhest:3905, consumerGroupende, Line 22252; 2018-08-21712:17:49.5502[]msn150C cashing[ExecuteRetRequest][INFO[0]Starting topic by Dmag consumer clemet: mult]

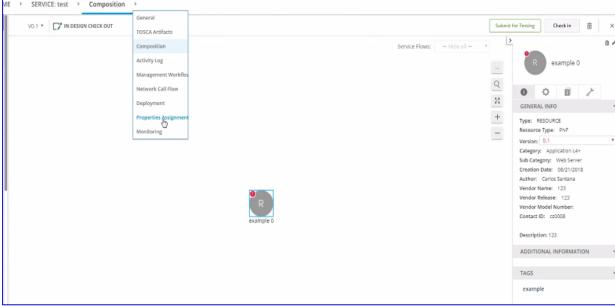




rdh *deapp" (3 hits in 1 file) //Users/Aul656//Aup0bata/Local/Yeap/333/data/Loga/BE/SOC/SDC-BE/error.Log (3 hits) Line 20351: 2016-00-27121/174.5512[isain/SDC catalog| [ExecuteRestRequest||INF0|0|Starting to consume topic topic for DMAR consumer with the next parameters DmaspConsumerConfiguration (hosts=localhost:3905, consumerGroup=ade, con Line 20351: 2016-00-27121/174.5512[isain/SDC catalog| [ExecuteRestRequest||INF0|0|Starting to consume topic topic for DMAR consumer with the next parameters DmaspConsumerConfiguration (hosts=localhost:3905, consumerGroup=ade, con Line 20351: 2016-00-27121/174.5512[isain/SDC catalog| [ExecuteRestRequest||INF0|0|Starting to consumer dopic topic for DMAR consumer with the next parameters DmaspConsumerConfiguration [hosts=localhost:3905, consumerGroup=ade, con Line 20351: 2016-00-27121/174.5522] [main/SDC catalog| [ExecuteRestRequest|[INF0|0]Starting top consumer dopic topic for DMAR consumer with the next parameters DmaspConsumerConfiguration [hosts=localhost:3905, consumerGroup=ade, con Line 20351: 2016-00-27121/174.5522] [main/SDC catalog| [ExecuteRestRequest][INF0|0]Starting top consumer dopic for DMAR consumer with the next parameters DmaspConsumerConfiguration [hosts=localhost:3905, consumerGroup=ade, con Line 20351: 2016-00-27121/174.5522] [main/SDC catalog| [ExecuteRestRequest][EROR[500]An error occurred upon consuming topic by Dmasp consumer client.: mull]



General	Canaral			
TOSCA Artifacts	General			
Composition				
Activity Log				Sove C*
Management Workflow		* Name		* Contact ID:
	0	test	1	cs0008
Network Call Flow	s	* Category		• Project Code:
Deployment		Network L4+	۲	123214
Properties Assignment	Tags			Ecomp Generated Naming
Monitoring				true v
	test			Naming Policy
	Description			Service Type
	1234			
				Service Role
				Environment Context
				General_Revenue-Bearing
				Instantiation Type
				A-la-carte *
				Created; 08/21/2018, Carlos Santana Modifed; 08/21/2018 UUID: 79655b4b-1ec1-4551-9623-98bec38b1a36
				Invariant UUID:



11 X	IN DESIGN CHECK OUT											Subr	ilt for Testin	g (Check in	Ô
	Properties Assi	gnment														
	Properties	Inputs					Se	wch	۹ 7	Declare						
	Property Name		Туре	ES		Value		Dis	card	Save	Comp	osition	Property	Structur	e	
	R EXAMPLE 0										TEST					
	nf_function		string								- R	example 0				
	software_versions	ersions list str		string	2				Ad	d value to list						
					0	11				Ê						
						10				Ê						
	nf_role		string													
	nf_type		string													

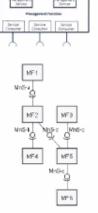
Properties Assignment

Properties	Inputs			Search
Property Name	Туре	ES	Value	
R EXAMPLE 0				
nf_function	string			
software_versions	list	string		
			11	
			10	
nf_role	string			
nf_type	string			

Management, General aspects

- Management services (MnS)
- Interface between MnS consumer and producer is standardized
- Operations and notifications for:

 Provisioning;
 Fault supervision;
 - Performance assurance.
- 5G Network Resource Models
- Performance measurements
- E2e KPI's
- Stage 3 Solution Set for HTTP/REST (OpenAPI)
- Stage 3 Yang specification for 5G NRM

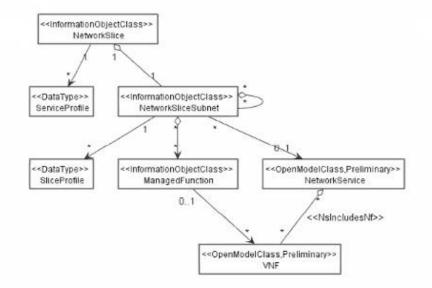




O&M specification set

Work item	Specification number and title		
Concepts, use cases requirements and architecture	TS 28.530 Management and orchestration; Concepts, use cases and requirements TS 28.533 Management and orchestration; Architecture framework		
Generic specification	TS 28.532 Management and orchestration; Generic management services		
Provisioning	TS 28.531 Management and orchestration; Provisioning		
Fault supervision	TS 28.545 Management and orchestration; Fault supervision		
Performance assurance	TS 28.550 Management and orchestration; Performance assurance		
Assurance data and Performance Management	TS 28.552 Management and orchestration; 5G performance measurements and assurance data TS 28.554 Management and orchestration; 5G end to end Key Performance Indicators (KPI)		
Network resource models	TS 28.540 Management and orchestration; 5G Network Resource Model (NRM); Stage 1 TS 28.541 Management and orchestration; 5G Network Resource Model (NRM); Stage 2 and stage 3		

Network slice model



NOTE 1: The <<OpenModelClass>> NetworkService and <<OpenModelClass>> VNF are defined in [12]. NOTE 2: The target Network Service (NS) instance represents a group of VNFs and PNFs that are supporting the source network slice subnet instance.

Rel-15 TS 28.541 Management & orchestration of 5G networks; NRM; stage 2 & stage 3.

